A weekly record of the news, the work, and the thought of the Episcopal Church

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Vol. X, No. 5 Newspaper of the American Church Union of the Episcopal Church

EDITOR

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The American Church Union Rosemont, Penna.

The Congresses

Inasmuch as many people read this page who do not see the regular four page issue of the NEWS, we present again the highlights of the congress plans for September.

The Bishops of London, Oxford, Bath and Wells, and the Primus of the Scottish Episcopal Church head the notable list of preachers and speakers. It is hoped that the Old Catholic Archbishop of Utrecht will also be able to come and further develop the cordial relations between his Communion and ours. The Bishops of Puerto Rico and Haiti will lead in presenting the missionary cause.

The three great congresses will be held at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in New York on September 15th, at St. Luke's Church, Evanston, Illinois, on September 17th, and at Grace Cathedral, San Francisco, on September 22nd.

Regional meetings now scheduled, to which list more may be added, include Sewanee, Tennessee, September 13th; Cleveland, September 16th; Milwaukee, September 18th; Denver and Dallas, September 20th; a clergy conference in Los Angeles, September 21st; St. Mark's Cathedral, Seattle, September 23rd. At this last there will be a solemn Mass according to the 1549 rite with the Sarum propers.

Ohio-Pittsburgh-Erie

The Cleveland Regional Conference will be held on Friday, September 16. Through the courtesy of the Rector and Vestry of Emmanuel Parish the church and parish house have been placed at the disposal of the Regional Committee of which the Rev. V. A. Peterson, D.D., is chairman, Plans are being made for a High Mass at 11 with the Bishop of Bath and Wells as preacher. The musical arrangements are in the hands of Mr. Walter Blodgett, Choirmaster of St. James Church and Curator of Musical Arts of the Cleveland Art Museum. There will be a luncheon with a short program of addresses.

Rhode Island

The Rhode Island Branch of the A. C. U. held a public lecture at St. Stephen's Church, Providence, on February 22, at which Dom Augustine Morris, O.S.B., spoke to an audience of about 150 persons on "Religious Orders in Our Church." The meeting was preceded by Solemn Evensong.

A program of youth retreats is planned for the spring.

The Radio Program

Since the publication of our article on this subject in the last issue there have been these developments:

Our doubts as to the value of the broadcasts are shared by two Bishops who spoke on the subject at the last meeting of the National Council. Bishop Dun of Washington said, as quoted in THE LIVING CHURCH, "I happen to be one who agrees that the radio program is a success, as a radio program. I have heard nothing to show that it is a great evangelistic medium. I do not think so, nor have I seen evidence of it . . . Now we are asked to throw money in to save money already there. I don't happen to think great evangelistic success is so secured. I must protest against identifying a great listening audience with great evangelistic success." Bishop Nash of Massachusetts indicated agreement with Bishop Dun, saying that in Massachusetts the program had not rated high as evangelism but had received a high rating as a radio pro-

There has been no assurance that the word "Protestant" will be dropped from the announcements if the program be resumed. The Presiding Bishop has written this to your editor: "You may be certain we shall consider all the various suggestions if and when the program is resumed. It is impossible, as you can well realize, particularly if you were in my position, to please everybody in a Church as diverse as ours, and I have no hope that we can do this but as I say we will certainly give consideration to every point of view."

As to the discontinuance of the booklet, the director of promotion wrote the following to a priest: "'Finding Your Way' was withdrawn because it had been advertised for a period of approximately ten weeks, and according to good advertising practices we felt it was time to make a change. As a matter of fact we were working on a second book for general distribution at the time it was necessary for us to cancel the program because of lack of support by so many of our parishes. Within the last few days I have heard rumors of a story circulated to the effect that we discontinued 'Finding Your Way' because of certain organized opposition to our presentation. I can assure you this is not true." We do not know how "organized" the opposition was, but we have it on good authority that there was strong opposition to the definite teaching of the booklet. We still wonder what the second booklet would be like if it should ever be issued.

To sum up, we still do not see justification for the support of the radio program without the assurances for which we asked in our last issue.

Servants of Christ The Kin

April, 19

The Rev. Harris T. Hall, Mendham, N Director of the Eastern Province, rep that there are still some S. C. K.'s who h not yet sent in their reports, due last Oober. It will be greatly appreciated if the reports are made promptly upon receipt the "follow-up letter" which will soon to those who are behind. According to rules those who have not reported for I or 1948 are automatically dropped. The rector says that he always finds it hard carry out this rule for it seems difficult him to believe that anyone who has proised to "try" to live the Rule of Life God can just let it go by default. He be very glad to hear from all who reports even if it is only to request rele from the Rule. He wishes all S. C. K. blessed Lent and Easter with our Lord:

The Rev. W. Karl Rehfeld, 43 Det St., Hammond, Indiana, Director of Western Province, reports that he preacl at a diocesan youth service at All Sai Cathedral, Milwaukee, February 27th, the S. C. K. movement. He says that the were about 75 young people from Milwakee and Racine, that he conducted a quation period after the service, and that the was real enthusiasm in the group. He received S. C. K. reports from as far off the Philippines, where some native you

people are members.

Priests' Institutes

At the Kent Institute Bishop Barry v speak on "Christian Education" and Fat Dunphy on "Lambeth and Unity in Future."

The Institute for the mid-west will held at DeKoven Foundation, Racine, W beginning with dinner on the evening June 6th and closing with breakfast Ju 10th. Registrations may be made now writing to the Sister-in-charge, DeKov Foundation, Racine, Wis., enclosing \$1 which will be applied to the payment of the period of the institute.

English Notes

The English Church Union is plannia a series of small congresses all over the courty as a follow-up to last summer's greengress and in preparation for anothlarge gathering in 1953, which, in turn, we serve as a preparation for the Pan-Anglic conference planned for that year. The ocials of the English Union have express the hope that our A.C.U. will also maplans for a large-scale congress in 1953, co-ordinate our preparation for the Paranglican conference with theirs.

Southeastern Region

The Rev. Bonnell Spencer, O.H.C. 1 cently conducted a very successful missis at the Church of Our Saviour, Atlanta, at another at Grace Church, Anniston Albama. These missions are valuable in promeing the aims of the A. C. U. in this regio

Men Need Something Like That

O THE EDITOR: The women have plue boxes. Why don't the men have red white boxes? It would make a good ing. The men need something like that. PETER SIMCOX, Age eight.

fadison, Wis.

The Ministry

O THE EDITOR: A priest of the Church must earn the appellation "Fa-". It is not his by right. He must earn

ome never do; more's the pity. ow can a genuine pastor, the shepherd is flock, otherwise regard his own than he father of a family regards his chiln? Whom else does he represent in his k in the Church of God than the Good pherd? "He shall feed His flock like a herd: He shall gather the lambs with arm, and carry them in His bosom, shall gently lead those that are with ng." (Isaiah 11:11)

t has been my good fortune to have had than one such pastor. Early in my life he Church, while groping in darkness doubt and dimness of vision, the sure lance of a faithful priest of the Church God led me safely into the way of His ith. How can I ever think of him ex-

as "Father"?

Tay it not be that the coldness which rounds those who so loudly protest the of the term "Father" repels the mems of their flocks? The cure of souls ht well be better effected by more mness of heart and the kindly undernding associated with the thought of a ther-child" relationship.

t is with genuine gratitude that I am mitted to address my present pastor as other." He has been my Father Confeson numerous occasions and the knowle that he continues to stand in that re-onship to me serves to keep me "in the

Does not the Master say, ". . . Except be converted, and become as little chiln, ye shall not enter into the kingdom of ven"? (Matt. 18:3) Do not "little

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LIVING CHURCH news is gathered by a staff over 100 correspondents, one in every dioses and missionary district of the Episcopal hurch and several in foreign lands. The LIVING CHURCH is a subscriber to Religious lews Service and is served by leading national ews picture agencies.

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children" require the care and guidance of a father? Does not the bishop pray, "Defend, O Lord, this thy Child with thy heavenly grace; that he may continue thine forever; and daily increase in thy Holy Spirit more and more, until he come unto thy everlasting kingdom"? (PB: 297) Can it be that all become adult in Christ and fully grown in grace immediately upon administration of the rite of Confirmation? Is the present age of speed thus affecting the rites of the Church? Or do children of God continue to require the ministra-tions of their "Fathers in God"?

In the form and manner of making dea-cons is not the bishop correctly and prop-erly addressed as "Reverend Father in God"? (PB:530) And again in the form and manner of ordering priests? (PB: 535) And yet again in the form of ordaining or consecrating a bishop? (PB:

.. He that entereth in by the door is the shepherd of the sheep . . . and the sheep hear his voice: and he calleth his own sheep by name, and leadeth them out. And when he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him: for they know his voice. And a stranger will they not follow, but will flee from him: for they know not the voice of strangers." (John 10: 2-5 and PB: 537) Are our bishops then to become as strangers to those of us who would have them be to us truly our "Fathers in God"?

MERCY AND DISCIPLINE

Does not the Presiding Bishop pray, at the consecration of a bishop, "Be to the flock of Christ a shepherd, not a wolf: feed them, devour them not. Hold up the weak, heal the sick, bind up the broken, bring again the outcasts, seek the lost. Be so merciful, that you be not too remiss; so minister discipline, that you forget not mercy; that when the Chief Shepherd shall appear, you may receive the neverfading crown of glory"? (PB: 554) Are these but meaningless mouthings? Are they not rather good words and true, of very ancient date and usage, full of significant meaning? Is there not sufficient warmth in them to melt the ice of protest and so warm cold hearts that they may yearn to become real "Fathers in God" to their flocks? Billy Sunday once said, "If the Episcopal Church ever wakes up, watch

Is it too much to hope that this awakening may begin in the hearts of the Church's bishops, priests, and deacons and through them all baptized persons may become aroused? Then may the children turn to the Fathers; the Fathers to the children.

"And he shall go before him . . . to turn the hearts of the fathers to the children, and the disobedient to the wisdom of the just; to make ready a people prepared for the Lord." (Luke 1:17)

In conclusion may I gratefully say that I have long been and earnestly hope that I may long continue to be a close and careful reader of THE LIVING CHURCH. This welcome weekly visitor also serves to keep me "in the way."

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Talks

Date with the Rector

Y OLD car gets along, week after week. Whenever it actually won't run I call in the garage people and they do what's necessary to get it rolling again - a tire, the carburetor clogged, the radiator leaking, or whatever. But I never get around to having all the little things fixed - the rattles and squeaks that make riding unpleasant, and that I know are slowly ruining my car. But who cares, so long as I always get there!" So spoke an easygoing friend of mine. His words might be taken as a parable of the attitude of

many a teacher.

"Getting by" is a slow-spreading kind of paralysis which comes over the casual teacher. You started out with a fine machine - your class - last fall. You were proud of it. It was standard in every way, and in good running order. You even "broke it in" carefully, watching for the little exceptions of conduct, equipment, and response that meant a perfect job. But then the novelty wore off. It was too easy. Just put in fuel and oil now and then. You always got there. And then the little rattles appeared and you let the repairs slip along. As long as nobody criticized you, you let things slide.

Your class even now is basically sound. But it needs a thorough checking-over, and then periodic tuning-up. You may not even know what is wrong. You'll have to call in some help from an expert.

Even the smallest town has some handy-man who can tell you what is wrong. That man is your parish priest. Even though he has received little technical training in teaching (scarcely one of our seminaries gives any courses on the practical side of religious education) yet he has learned a lot from tinkering. He has seen a number of different class situations, and he has had to patch up the results of careless teaching. He knows a "sweet running" class when he listens outside the door. And he also can detect the sounds of troubles starting which may become serious. Above all, he cares. He is terribly eager for his children to have the best, and he knows that his teachers need some guidance and encouragement. But all too often he hesitates to step in. It looks like criticizing. Or it calls for some extra trouble - and so he, too, lets the rattles multiply in his car, the school.

These two must get together, often. The teacher has a right to call for help. The rector is always at your service. either one have the energy to make approach. It should be the priest, if senses the need. And he will make appointment if he is genuinely anxi for a perfect school, and if he senses t a teacher is losing control and heart

The turn-over of our teachers, and short time spent at it by so many, n probably be traced to this one thing mi than any other: there are never any co ferences with some one who understan It is partly the person with author But more, it is the one with sympaand confidence. When the writer is asl to put his finger on the weak spot in school, after a few questions he nea always has to declare, "You need sup vision and teacher guidance.

Well, then, you have made the da Perhaps the rector said, "There are few matters I want to discuss with you Or maybe you finally said, "My cl isn't going right. Let's get together a talk it over." So here you are. Here some of the items both of you will w

to go over.

1. Lessons for the month. Just to ma sure that the teacher understands plan of the textbook, the meaning each story.

2. Individual children. Difficult ca of discipline, or listlessness, or irregul attendance. Difficult parents, too.

3. Practical arrangements. The cla room - heat, light, noise, equipmer storage space, table.

4. Devotional guidance. How to e courage home prayers, reverence, Con munion preparation.

5. Personal religion. The teacher own attitude, motives, and devotion

Anything may be discussed in the pe sonal conference. But it should cove most of the above areas. Above all should be leisurely. And it is far bett if at set periods - preferably once ear month. Then your lessons plans will made ahead, knowing that you have date with the rector. He, too, will pr pare, taking notes of the little things l knows you may be overlooking and the he will wish to call to your attention.

It isn't so much that the clergyma is an expert. But he is responsible, an he needs to be in closer contact with h workers. Like you, he is in mid-course, "teacher-in-training." Who knows bu you may teach him more than he doe

PASSION SUNDAY

GENERAL

PISCOPATE

onvention Agrees to Election Suffragan

Election of a Suffragan bishop for the ocese of Minnesota was agreed to by a ecial convention assembled in the Caedral Church of St. Mark's, Minne-olis, on March 16th.

The convention was called by Bishop eeler of Minnesota, who asked for a ffragan bishop in order to expedite rward-looking plans in the diocese.

A nominating committee, composed of priests and 15 laymen under the airmanship of the Rev. Bernard Humel and David E. Bronson, was authored to receive nominations for the office. he Very Rev. Frederick M. Morris is cretary.

The election will be held at a special onvention that will be called when the mmittee is ready to report, and when shops and standing committees have

iven their consents.

GEN. CONVENTION

lational Council

nnounces Agenda

Opening service for General Conven-on will be held September 26th, at 0:30 AM in the San Francisco Civic uditorium, according to a National Council report. Other first-day activities rill be a corporate Communion for bishps and deputies at Grace Cathedral at :30 AM, and the first regular sessions f both Houses in the Auditorium at

On September 27th, there will be a pint session from 10 AM to 12:30 PM, evoted to consideration of the National ouncil's program for the triennium. After this the Convention will be adlressed by its guest of honor, Archbishop

Garbett of York.

The National Council presentation vill continue through another joint sesion on the morning of February 28th, and on that evening there will be a mass neeting in the Civic Auditorium, comnemorating the 400th anniversary of the Book of Common Prayer.

The United Thank Offering presentation will be made on September 29th at 8 AM at the Civic Auditorium, and on that evening dinners are scheduled



BISHOP LITTELL: "The Church and Synagogue must proclaim that man is a being created by God and is under His sovereignty."

for the departments of Christian Education, Christian Social Relations, and the Division of College Work.

A mass meeting in the Auditorium, devoted to the World Council of Churches, is scheduled for September 30th at 8 PM. Another mass meeting in Grace Cathedral on October 2d, at the same hour, will be devoted to the World Mission of the Church.

Provincial dinners are to be held October 3d; seminary dinners, October 5th.

The Living Church

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PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Atheists Invited to "Bring God Back"

By CLIFFORD P. MOREHOUSE

Two retired bishops and several priests of the Episcopal Church sought to throw a cloak of religious respectability over the meeting in New York March 25th to 27th of the Cultural and Scientific Conference for World Peace, a meeting that the Department of State had predicted would be used as a sounding board for Soviet Communistic propaganda. The prediction turned out to be right.

While sessions were held in the Waldorf Astoria Hotel, at Carnegie Hall, and in Madison Square Garden, picket lines often numbering as many as a thousand marchers surrounded them, led by Catholic War Veterans, the American Legion, and other organizations.

At the keynote meeting on Friday morning, the Rt. Rev. Arthur W. Moulton, retired Bishop of Utah and a member of the sponsoring committee, gave one of the principal addresses. Speaking to what he termed "one of the largest congregations to which I have ever preached"-a congregation that included not only the foreign delegates from Soviet Russia, Poland, and Yugoslavia, but such well-known local comrades as Gerhard Eisler, described as the No. 1 Soviet agent in America, Bishop Moulton, urged delegates to "bring God back into His universe, fetch Him into universal life, quit living like atheists." But it is doubtful whether his plea had any effect upon the delegates from behind the Iron Curtain who sat stolidly on the platform behind him and who, both literally and figuratively, speak another language.

The other bishop listed among the sponsors was the Rt. Rev. S. Harrington Littell, retired Bishop of Honolulu, who participated in the panel discussion on religion and ethics, together with Dr. Guy Emery Shipler, editor of the Churchman and a member of the program and resolutions committees of the conference; Dr. Shelton Hale Bishop, rector of St. Philip's Church, Manhattan; the Rev. John Howland Lathrop of the First Unitarian Church, Brooklyn; and Rabbi Louis I. Newman.

The conference, which had been highly publicized in advance because of the refusal of visas to a number of foreign

delegates and because of the organization of a rival conference by Professor Sidney Hook, began with what was announced as a press conference, at which the heads of the foreign delegations were to be interviewed. As a press conference, however, it was a complete fiasco. Dr. Harlow Shapley, Harvard astronomer and president of the conference, introduced the foreign delegates, each of whom made a prepared statement that was slowly translated into English. But when reporters tried to question the delegates, most of the questions were waved away as irrelevant to the subject of peace or as requiring too much time to answer.

IRRELEVANT QUESTIONS

Among the "irrelevant" questions to the head of the Russian delegation, Alexander A. Fadeyev, was an inquiry concerning the plight of Soviet writers who have disappeared from the public eye, and a request to identify the nations and blocs that he said in his prepared statement were hindering world peace. The only question that he answered plainly was one concerning Russian armaments, to which he replied that Russia, so far from rearming, had virtually completed demobilization of troops of all ages.

The Yugoslav delegate, Jovan Popovic, similarly refused to answer questions. Confronted by an exiled Yugoslav writer, now working for an American syndicate, with the names of "our former literary comrades" who had disappeared, he remained silent. To a question whether he favored Tito or Stalin he replied: "The question does not make sense."

Delegates from England and Northern Ireland assailed American customs authorities who had barred other delegates from Britain and Western Europe, but when reporters tried to question them, Dr. Shapley ruled that the time was up. He said that reporters could interview delegates separately at a later time; but diligent inquiry of the press representatives indicates that not one of them was ever able to obtain an interview with one of the delegates from Iron Curtain countries.

Dr. Josef L. Hromadka, well-known Czechoslovak theologian and active member of the World Council of Churches, was unable to be present because of a conflicting engagement in Switzerland. He had been granted a visa, and it had been hoped that he might accompany the four other delegates from Czechoslovakia. A message of greeting from him was read.

At the dinner at the Waldorf Astoria Friday night, speeches were generally mild, although Dr. William O. Stapleton, British philosopher, warned that in the event of a third World War, "We shall not be whole-heartedly against Russia as we were against Germany." The sensation of the evening was the

address by Norman Cousins, editor of the Saturday Review of Literature, who spoke out against "the small political group in this country which has failed to live up to the rules of the game in a democracy," and told foreign delegates that the pickets represented a genuine concern on the part of loyal Americans that the conference was more interested in foreign ideologies than in the preservation of a just peace.

Turning to the foreign delegates, Mr. Cousins said: "I ask you to believe that this small political group owes its primary allegiance and duty not to America but to an outside government. I ask you to believe that this group is without standing or honor in its own country." Referring to the pickets, he added: "This demonstration is not because Americans are innately distrustful or unfriendly. I say to you in all sincerity that this hostility is the inevitable reaction to the auspices under which this conference is being held."

This candid statement by Mr. Cousins, which was by no means on the agenda, evoked boos from some of the diners, and brought pained expressions to the faces of committee members. The next speaker, Lillian Hellman, began by saying: "I would recommend, Mr. Cousins, that when you talk about your hosts at dinner, wait until you have gone home to do it."

"KEYNOTE" MEETING

The "keynote" meeting was held at Carnegie Hall, which was well filled for the occasion. After the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner," the foreign delegates were escorted to the platform and individually introduced by Dr. Shapley. Each one rose as his name was mentioned, and two of them - one from Russia and one from Poland - acknowledged the introduction by giving the clenched-fist Communist salute. Each delegate received applause, but the one receiving a real ovation was Dimitri Shostakovich, the Russian composer, who somehow seemed out of place and ill at ease in this political assemblage. No doubt he felt more at home when, on the night of his arrival, he unexpectedly turned up at a concert of the New York Philharmonic, and went backstage at the intermission to "talk shop" with the musicians.

In his initial address, Dr. Shapley viewed the earth from a hypothetical point in outer space, and found this poor planet suffering from a sickness verging on insanity. He found all of us so conscious of the faults of others that we are unable to recognize our own. This, he said, is an American conference, to which certain foreign guests have been invited. If it is not as widely representative geographically as one would wish, that must be blamed on the Department of State

rather than upon the sponsors. (Vi had been withheld from delegates spected of Communist sympathies fr Hungary, France, Britain, and so other countries; the Communists mitted from Russia, Poland, Yugoslav and Czechoslovakia had been accept because they represented their governments, at least semi-officially.)

America, said Dr. Shapley, was peculiar danger of adopting its own v sion of racial supremacy. The "daskinned half-citizenship" that we acce to Negroes is a disgrace to our national self-righteousness.

As for Russia, he might (he said) ha worried about labor camps, "thou without much real evidence." He pferred however to seek the way of pear He appealed to his hearers to recogn the malady from which the world suffering, and to find first temporary a then permanent remedies for it.

BISHOP MOULTON

Bishop Moulton, the second speak was greeted with applause when he wintroduced, and when he spoke of t need for collective good will on the po fall people. When he came to the modefinitely religious parts of his messal however, applause was infrequent; a his dramatic plea to renounce atheir and bring God back into the pictureccived no more than a scattering hand-clapping.

Other speakers at the morning session dealt with more secular subjects. The included T. O. Thackrey, editor of the New York Post, who spoke on U. foreign policy; O. John Rogge, attorn for Anna Louise Strong in her claimagainst the Soviet Union for her receive expulsion, on the relationship between domestic and foreign policy; and a Clan poet, on art as a bridge to peace.

Saturday afternoon and Sunday moring were devoted to panel discussion Subjects included economic and soci sciences, education, mass communication writing and publishing, planning arbuilding, natural science, physical armental health, fine arts, and religion an ethics.

The panel on religion and ethics wa moderately interesting, but seemed thave little real relation to the main of jectives of the conference; and scarcel any relation to the matters with whice the pickets were concerned. Not one of the scheduled speakers showed any apparent moral indignation over the slav labor practices of Russia; the imprisonment of religious leaders in Yugoslavia Hungary, and Bulgaria; the cold-bloodes attempt of the Russians to starve out the people of Berlin; or any other of the conspicuous violations of human right

he part of the Soviet and satellite

itries.

or. Shipler, editor of the Churchman, the first speaker at the meeting, over ch Dr. Lathrop presided. He recited e of the statements of Protestant reliis bodies, and commented: "While I eve profoundly that the great maty of my fellow Christians want a ld of peace, and that they accept n official statements as their own, I ashamed that so many of them run cover as soon as they are challenged, cooperate in hurting the cause of ce by continually denouncing their phors of other nations, about whom v know so little." He suggested that uch of the misunderstanding between

East and the West could be corrected I the cold war turned toward a living it if groups of religious leaders were to by the United States government official peace missions to those counters with which we have unhappy rela-

FOUR COLD WARS

Dr. Bishop, in his panel address, saw t one but four cold wars — that in trope between East and West; that in nerica, South Africa, and elsewhere tween the races; that between manageent and labor; and that between Cathics and Protestants. If the Church does t succeed in its ministry of reconcilianin these fields, he observed, then God ay very well "go beyond the Church ad act through some unusual means of is choice."

An unusual note was interjected into e discussion by Dr. Domingo F. Villmil, a Cuban, who described himself as Christian Roman Catholic." Quoting rticle 124 of the Soviet constitution, e claimed that Russia has religious freeom; and went on to argue that the oviet attitude toward private property justified by the teaching of St. Thomas quinas on the natural law, which he ontrasted with the Pope's views as set orth in the encyclical Rerum Novarum. Inder Thomistic philosophical teaching, Dr. Villamil contended, private property ould be modified or abolished, and this s exactly what the Soviet state has done. The Soviet Union, he said, preserves ersonal property, but limits it to what s reasonably necessary for a decent liveihood. This philosophical tour de force vas greeted with enthusiastic applause by the members of the panel, most of whom had never suspected that Thomas Aquinas was a prototype of Stalinist Communism.

Space does not permit more than brief references to the other papers delivered it the panel on religion. Bishop Littell juoted the Lambeth resolutions on Comnunism and on personal responsibility; he declared that against not only Com-

munism but all forms of secularism "the Church and Synagogue must proclaim that man is a being created by God and is under His sovereignty, and that, apart from God, he can neither master his nature nor find his true self." Rabbi Newman denounced the idea of a new holy war, and urged "that men and nations learn to collaborate for their mutual benefit, to the end that everyone may sit under his own vine and figtree, with none to make him afraid."

Dr. Stapleton, British philosopher and psychologist, declared that "the Marxists, and therefore the dominant party in Russia, have seen through the frail intellectual arguments on which the belief in a personal God is based." Thus, though admitting that "America has some excuse for regarding Russia as a police state," he declared his belief that "the urgent thing is not to insist on doctrines about God and the eternal life of the human soul, but to be loyal always to the spirit, conceived as a way of life based on love or mercy, on respect for personality, and on honesty or intellectual integrity in all one's dealings." He did not indicate why this should be done, if belief in God and the doctrine of eternal life is apparently unnecessary, or how it could be done in a police state.

There were other things said and done at this conference, which if I should write them down would I suppose fill a large book. I do not intend to do so. The conference was mostly a secular one, with a religious coating to it. The religious coating expressed itself primarily in this panel on religion and ethics — at which, it may be noted in passing, none of the visitors from countries of Eastern Europe were present.

MASS MEETING

The three-day sessions were concluded with a huge mass meeting in Madison Square Garden on Sunday evening. Immediately preceding that was a plenary session, in which were introduced certain resolutions directed toward "a peace program for the United States." The daily papers have given ample coverage to that phase of the conference, and there is no need to go into it here.

The result of it all? Bishop Moulton said that either it would be the beginning of something really big and significant, or it would be a complete bust. No doubt opinions differ as to which interpretation to place upon it. At any rate, the delegates from Eastern Europe have come and taken their limited part in it, the members have applauded, the pickets have marched, and New York is now returning to its usual comparative calm.

But the psychology of the whole thing has been interesting — and not too healthy. It ought to be possible to discuss these vital matters calmly and ob-

jectively. Had the conference been more wisely planned and more truly representative, that might have been possible. In that event, the conference might have served a really valuable purpose. As it was, it is the opinion of this observer that it generated a tremendous amount of heat, and at the same time shed remarkably little light.

Other well-known Episcopalians on the sponsoring committee, in addition to those previously mentioned as speakers, included the Rev. Charles B. Ackley, the Rev. Joseph Fletcher, the Rev. George L. Paine, the Rev. Clarence Parker, the Rev. F. Hastings Smythe, Miss Mary Van Kleeck, and former Vice-President Henry A. Wallace.

The resolutions committee included Bishop Moulton, Dr. Shipler, and Miss

Van Kleeck.

CHURCH CONGRESS

Plans Completed for 75th Meeting

Church Congress will meet in Boston, April 26th to 28th, to help prepare the mind of the Church for issues which will be discussed at General Convention. Trinity Church will be headquarters for the 75th anniversary meeting.

Opening services will be held at Trinity on Tuesday, April 26th, at 8 PM. The Rev. Theodore P. Ferris, rector of Trinity Church and president of the Church Congress, will be the speaker. The Canterbury Choir, made up of students from 75 schools and colleges in and around Boston, will be directed by Mr. Samuel Walter. Dr. Francis W. Snow, organist of Trinity Church, will play for the service. A new magnificat has been written especially for the occasion by Healey Willan, of Toronto, a prominent composer of church music.

On Wednesday and Thursday there will be a celebration of the Holy Communion in Trinity Church at 8 AM. Sessions will be held in St. Andrew's Hall in Trinity's parish house. The first one, presenting the theme of the conference, "Toward Unity" will deal with unity in the home. It will consider the marriage canon. Four papers will be presented giving the opinions of a bishop, a priest, a chancellor, and a laywoman. The speakers will be Bishop Lawrence of Western Massachusetts; the Rev. James M. Niblo, rector of St. John's Church, Norristown, Pa.; the Hon. Andrew Dilworth, former chancellor of the diocese of Texas; and Mrs. Henry Hill Pierce, New York.

The second session, dealing with unity in the National Church, will be held on Wednesday afternoon. The speakers will be the Rev. Bernard Iddings Bell, D.D., consultant on education and religion for the diocese of Chicago, and the Rev. Sherman E. Johnson, professor of New

Testament at the Episcopal Theological

School, Cambridge.

The third session, on Thursday morning, will present unity in worldwide Christianity with papers by Bishop Dun of Washington, and Bishop Ivins of Milwaukee. The schedule has been arranged to provide time for discussion at each

The closing luncheon will be held in the New England Mutual Hall with Bishop Donegan, Suffragan of New

York, as speaker.

The registration fee for the conference is \$1.00. Registrations, room reservations, etc., may be made through the Church Congress Office, 233 Clarendon street, Boston 16, Mass. Copies of the program are available at that address.

WORLD COUNCIL

Member Churches Form U.S. Group

United States member Churches of the World Council of Churches concluded their March 20th to 22d meeting in Evanston, Ill., by formally setting up the organizational machinery by which the World Council program will be brought to local American Churches. They also approved a three-year study of "Evangelism in the Modern Mass Society" which is expected to find effective methods of bringing the Christian gospel to urban industrial workers.

Ninety delegates from 27 denominations voted that the United States Member Churches should succeed the American Committee for the World Council, which automatically ceased to exist with the formal creation of the World Council of Churches last summer in Amster-

dam.

It was made clear that the Member Churches group does not intend to duplicate or compete with any existing national interchurch agencies. This became evident when discussion on the floor resulted in a vote to refer back to the executive committee a proposal for a joint committee with the International Council of Religious Education, to be known as the Committee on Ecumenical Educa-

Similarly, the delegates referred to committee a recommendation on youth work which would have made the United Christian Youth Movement "its responsible body in the field of youth

work."

The delegates unanimously accepted a proposal to create a faith and order committee to carry out in this country the proposals of the World Council's Commission on Faith and Order. The commission will meet this summer at Chichester, England.

The Study Commission of the World Council proposed studies on "The Responsible Society," and "The Bible and the Church's Message to the World." Both were unanimously adopted.

Also adopted was a suggestion for a conference of laymen. This proposal was submitted to the executive committee.

[RNS]

Resignation Report Denied

A report that Metropolitan Panteleimon of Edessa had resigned from the World Council of Churches' executive committee has been denied by Dr. W. A. Visser 't Hooft, general secretary of the Council.

Said Dr. Visser 't Hooft on March 9th: "... we have at present no reason whatsoever to think that the story is true. If the Metropolitan had the intention to resign and if any definite decision had been made on the subject, he would surely have sent in his letter of resignation. But, as a matter of fact no such

letter has been received.

"It is true that there are certain elements in the Orthodox Church of Greece which are very critical of the World Council but there are others which are very strongly in favour, Metropolitan Panteleimon belongs definitely to the second group. Before the last meeting of the executive committee he wrote that he would have liked very much to participate in the meeting but that the extremely difficult political and military situation in his part of the country made it impossible for him to leave his diocese."

THE MINISTRY

William Melish Resigns as Head of American-Soviet Council

The Rev. William Howard Melish, former associate rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, has given up the chairmanship of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, but remains a member of its board of

Mr. Melish's chairmanship of the Council, which is on the United States Attorney General's list of subversive organizations, stirred up a controversy in the Church and provoked a diocesan order ousting his father as rector and automatically ending his own tenure.

At the annual meeting of the American-Soviet friendship group in New York. Mr. Melish asked that he not be

reëlected chairman.

"Increasing responsibilities of my parish have made it very difficult to give the Council the time that it deserves of its chairman," he told the meeting.

Although there are many signs that Church leadership is throwing off its lethargy," he added, "and is now seeking to contribute to American-Soviet understanding for the sake of peace, the same struggle goes on within the Churche outside. As a clergyman, I have and now have, a peculiar responsib to face this phenomenon."

He expressed his intention to " tribute faithfully all that I can to work of the Council" as a member of board of directors.

INTERCHURCH

Missionary Education Movemen to Join National Council

The Missionary Education Movem of the United States and Canada. resenting 30 Non-Roman Communic voted at its annual conference to affill with the proposed National Council Churches of Christ in the United St. of America. The vote was 47 to 15

By this action the Missionary Edu tion Movement becomes the sixth eight interdenominational agencies gible for membership in the Natio Council to vote approval of the r

organization.

The Foreign Missions Conference North America, composed of 58 deno inations and 102 mission boards, is only agency which has voted not to a iate with the Council. The United Co cil of Church Women has the propo under study and is expected to take vorable action this fall.

Agencies which have indicated willing ness to join the National Council inclu the Federal Council of Churches, United Stewardship Council, the tional Protestant Council on Higher I ucation, the International Council of F ligious Education, and the Home M sions Council of North America.

Dr. Earl F. Adams, executive sec tary of the planning committee for t proposed National Council, said the "this affirmative action by the Mission ary Education Movement assures t creation of the National Council." He said November, 1950, has been s

as the tentative date for the constitution

convention.

United Council Elects Mrs. T. O. Wedel

Mrs. Theodore O. Wedel, wife Canon Wedel of Washington Cathedra has been elected chairman of the in tional committee of the Department Christian Social Relations of the Unite Council of Church Women.

The committee at its meeting in Green wich, Conn. drew up a statement urgin that American women gain a bette understanding of economic problems The committee selected "Women and : Christian Economy" as its major them for the coming year.

IINA

n Tseng Consecrated stant Bishop of Honan

ean Francis Y. Tseng was consed Assistant Bishop of the diocese of an, China, on March 20th accordto a report received by the National ncil through the Missionary Society he Church of England in Canada. was elected to assist Bishop Tsen of an in 1948.

uring World War II Bishop Tseng post graduate work at Trinity Col-Toronto. He remained in Canada several years since it was impossible

to return to China.

is reported that Bishop Tseng is impetus behind increasing activity at nity Cathedral, Kaifeng, but that his k was curtailed by the battle between ionalists and Communists last June. ing the battle the Cathedral strucwas damaged, and a quonset-hut e and meeting hall was wrecked by a ct hit.

JROPE

lp for Those Who Make rages Into Churches

In one room three families live died only by the hanging of the cheappossible rags which sought to make nething of a partition between their eral 'dwellings.' Of course, there is heat in this room - nor in the hunds of which it is typical - except e and there a small wood stove which es off a bit of the deadly chill." This cription is part of the report made by hop Larned, after he visited camps in rmany for displaced persons and refu-

s. Bishop Larned is in charge of perican Episcopal Churches in Europe I chairman of the refugee committee

the World Council.

Such living conditions as Bishop rned described prompted the refugee amittee of the World Council, the M.C.A., the Lutheran Federation, I C.W.S. to meet in Hamburg, Germy, to attempt to call the attention of world to the German refugee probn in the hope of exciting sufficient untstanding to prompt aid from internanal sources. For the problem "unless ved soon, will make impossible the vival of Western Europe.

A statement made by delegates to the nference said, "At the first internaonal conference on the refugee problem be held within Germany, we are met gether to seek ways of helping those ho have been expelled from their homends. . . . The extent and magnitude of e problem indicate that the German

people cannot bear the burden and complete the task in isolation."

Bishop Larned reported that in certain communities in Germany there are more uprooted people than there are natives in the population. He said that while waiting and praying for the day they can leave for a new country and a new home many of the homeless folk busy themselves by doing handiwork in wood, silver, embroidery, and oils. "I kept thinking," said the Bishop, "what a contribution these people would some day make to the country that finally accepted them, for many are indeed trained artisans.'

Everywhere in the German camps C.W.S. and Y.M.C.A. leaders, most of them displaced persons themselves, are working with camp inhabitants, encouraging them, advising them, caring for them, and educating them for the new lives they will take up in Canada, Australia, South America, and the United

Shelters, said the Bishop, are former barracks or military buildings. "I also noted that among them were former cheap garages, and sheds and structures of all kinds, which, because they had a roof still on them, were utilized. I witnessed several garages which had been converted into temporary churches. At one camp I remember my guide saying, 'You see the Nazis turned the churches into garages, but we Latvians here have turned garages into churches."

CONFERENCE RESOLUTIONS

The final resolution passed by the Hamburg conference states that the conference urges F.C.A. to earmark adequate funds to rehabilitate - under E.R.P. - refugees and expelled persons. Such action should be formalized, according to the resolution, in an amendment to the agreement between O.E.E.C. (Organization for Europe Economic Co-operation) and the allied authorities for Western Germany, and that should be made retroactive for the current fiscal year ending June 30th. The resolution urges further that in view of the international responsibility for this problem, the proposed amendment should authorize E.R.P. aid for the German Refugee Program as on a grant basis without establishing a "claim" against Germany. The resolution also advocates that the Refugee Program be worked out in accordance with E.R.P. policies of "selfhelp and mutual coöperation" and under the provisions of the United States Foreign Assistance Act. Proposals for action were formulated under the headings of industry, agriculture and rural settlement, emigration and redistribution, education and training, and the task of the churches.

HUNGARY

Cardinal Mindszenty in Prison Hospital

Joseph Cardinal Mindszenty, imprisoned primate of Hungary, is in the hospital of Budapest Concentration Barracks, it was learned in Budapest.

The cardinal's physical condition was described by a reliable informant as having "worsened suddenly" and he was recently transferred from his cell to the

Roman diocesan newspapers in the United States published a Rome dispatch last week quoting Hungarian refugees in Vienna as saying that Cardinal Mindszenty was suffering from pneumonia and "mentally shaken."

The same sources labelled as "exaggerated" a rumor that the cardinal was dying, according to the Rome dispatch.

It was also learned here that Dr. Kalman Kiczko, the lawyer who defended Cardinal Mindszenty at his trial, received official permission to visit the primate at the hospital but was denied admittance when he arrived at the prison.

RNS

PUERTO RICO

St. Just's Is Publicized

A half page of Puerto Rico's newspaper, The World, was recently devoted to articles on St. Just's, the Episcopal agricultural school near San Juan.

William Lee Richards is headmaster of the school which is the only one of its kind on the island. The school has three notable features: its students are carefully selected, they are taught how to make use of apparently useless materials, and they apply in the fields in the afternoon what they learn in class in the morning.

Students not only put the land to good use by raising food products, but in so doing, they gain access to foods that will improve their diets. Operations costs are cut to a minimum since students do almost all the work. The employed service staff has only two members; both of them work in the kitchen.

A concrete church is under construction and plans are being made to build a school building that will accommodate

160 boys.

The school is administered by the Episcopal Church but students of other communions are admitted and their religious ideas respected. All that is required is that each profess some religion and aid the church of his choice.

"The important thing is that each student be a Christian," says Mr. Richards.

The Bishop of the Beatitudes

By the Rev. Gregory Mabry, D.D.

Rector, St. Paul's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y.

RECENTLY a small group of New York clergy and laymen sat at meat with a Chinese bishop, the Rt. Rev. Michael Chang, the Apostle of Fukien. At the end of the meal he spoke for a brief ten minutes. But in that short space a simple meal of Christian fellowship turned into an experience none present will ever forget. What he said made our hearts to burn within us, opened our understanding, and moved us to bear witness to Him of Whom he spoke. The Apostle Michael's words were powerful because of what he is. So let me attempt a miniature of him.

Men have often wondered what our Lord looked like when incarnate, since no artist's conception is wholly satisfying. Perhaps the best way to find out is to study and meditate His Beatitudes; for they provide a composite picture of Him. Moreover, He can be discerned in degree in the mien of His disciples, particularly in those who studiously imitate Him, and company closely with Him; for men do become like that which they admire, and they do come to resemble what they think and believe.

Bishop Chang looks like the Beatitudes! If you are so fortunate as to see him you will confirm my portrait.

THE LAND OF THE BLESSED

The Bishop's diocese includes the entire Province of Fukien, which is as large as New England, omitting part of Maine. It lies in the southeast of China, northeast of Hong-Kong, south of Shanghai, and opposite the island of Formosa. It has a population of 15 million. It is celebrated as one of the most beautiful provinces in China, a land of green hills and silver streams. Its terraced hillsides are famous the world over for its tea, and its lacquers are works of art. But it has yet another claim for distinction, for Fukien means "Blessed Province." The Apostle's see city is Foochow, the capital of the Province; and Foochow means "Blessed City." To this Blessed City and Blessed Province has come Fu-Ing, "the Blessed Sound or News"—the Good News, the Glad Tidings, the Gospel of Christ. We remember now Christ's Beatitudes are the Blessed Studies.

The Christians in this Land of the Blessed more closely approximate the Beatitudes than any other current group of whom I have heard. They are poor in spirit — pious. They mourn — they crave for, pray for, and strive for the establishment of God's Kingdom among all men. They are meek — they confidently depend upon God. They hunger and thirst after righteousness, justice —

they long for God's merciful fulfilment of His promises. They are merciful—behold their good works! They are pure in heart—single-minded and whole-hearted in their purpose. They are peace-makers—they literally spend their lives hailing the Prince of Peace and heralding the Gospel of His Love. They are persecuted for their religion—behold their martyrs! They rejoice in their sacrifices for Christ's sake—for they know that thereby they are establishing the heavenly Zion. These Christians are saints in the New Testament sense—the dedicated ones.

While they are the poorest of the poor of China's many poor, mostly farmers, yet their 20,000 in numbers and amount of work attempted makes Fukien the largest. diocese in the Holy Catholic Church of China. It often happens that people who have only one meal a day, or at times only one meal in two days, still give generously to the Church. They are so devoted to our holy religion that out of their penury they contribute 70 per cent of their diocesan budget, the remainder coming from missionary societies in England, where the Church itself is sorely in need.

CEASELESS INCENSE

The Bishop likens the work of his diocese to the three legs of an old Chinese

1. The evangelistic and pastoral work: Scattered over a wide area, there are

THE LIVING CHURCH RELIEF FUND

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							_	240	

New Guinea Mission

	THEM OR	THIES	11.0	5510	H			
Previously Rev. J. A.								
						00	004	-

some 250 churches and mission halls, present there are fewer workers the ever; and because of the almost limit. Chinese inflation they are pitifully uniquid. A handful of priests — 38 in all assisted by some 120 catechists are try to cope with this gigantic task.

2. Educational: The Bishop tries make it possible for all his people have a Christian education — from kindergarten up. There is an element school in each of the 12 deaneries of diocese. There are three junior mid schools; and situated in Foochow two senior middle schools, one for be another for girls. The 17 schools han enrolment of more than 5,000 pup At the top the diocese has a share in Fukien Christian University, the Bislbeing the chairman of its board trustees.

3. Medical: The diocese maintage eight hospitals; four schools for the bli of which Fukien has so many; and fe sanctuaries for lepers.

"THEN THE DISCIPLES DETERMINED"

Fukien's most pressing needs are:
1. A fund for the relief of its cle
and other Church workers, whose
pends afford only a submarginal liv

at present.

2. Money for a home for retired ca chists. These women are either single widows. On retirement they have neith pension nor home. There have been ca when on retirement these faithful se ants of God faced starvation. Bish Chang wants a home for them in th retirement, where they can at least sure of a roof over their heads and not ishment for their bodies, and a commilife of Christian companionship and we ship.

3. A central church is needed in Fe chow for the graduates of our Churschools. A site has been bought, but the is no money to build. The Bishop war to win the young people to Christ, a hold them fast through the Church.

4. Fukien needs money for its for fishing communities, there being about one hundred persons in each. They at the most destitute and despised people China, who live in boats, and whose on home on land is the Church. Even winter they have hardly anything wear. The Bishop wants to establish school in each community, for besides the need for food, clothing, and books, the children must be taught. The school would cost about \$1,200 each.

The Apostle Michael is indeed face with a colossal task, what with his sta wermanned, his work undernourished, his workers underpaid. To try to orcome these handicaps, in 1946 he lanched a Five. Year Forward Movent, which should be consummated in 150, the centenary of the Coming of the Church to Fukien.

A DECADE OF PATIENCE

t was in 1850 when the Church of Fgland, through the Church Missional Society, came to Fukien. For tending years there was not one single cont. The first missionaries were a priest all a physician. The prospects were so promising that at the end of two years to former was transferred to another resion, while the physician carried on ane. But at the end of six years his lidth broke from overwork, and he retried to England to die.

Then a quartet of missionaries came, it within two years two had died and had broken in health. In less than years three missionaries had died, and the given his health!—and still no

verts.

So the Home Committee decided to andon Fukien. But the one man left gged that the barren tree be let stand st one more year. Before that year's d he baptized four converts, but three ickly apostatized, leaving one only, no later was to become the doorkeeper the House of the Lord in Foochow, d whose son became a catechist, his andson a priest, and his great-grandson physician, both of the last still serving e Church in Fukien. At long last parence triumphed and the barren tree pre fruit.

A MARTYR AT EVENSONG

Rooted in the patience of those pioers of Christ, the Church in Fukien as to be given the sap of life by its artyrs. In 1876 the Church gained its rotomartyr, Blessed Ling Chek Ang, Chinese farmer. One Sunday morning e pagans attacked the little group of hristians at their worship, threatening kill them should they refuse to reounce the Faith. In answer, with quiet onfidence the handful of Christians reirned as usual for Evensong. At Nunc Dimittis, "Lord, now lettest Thou Thy rvant depart . . . ," the fanatic mob roke in upon the singing Christians nd Ling Chek Ang won the crown of nartyrdom. One of his descendants is a vell known priest in China today.

In this year of the sowing of a maryr's blood the Rev. Robert Stewart arived from England. Later, on a furough home, he said to a friend, "I have only one regret, I have not been allowed

o suffer for His dear sake."

THE RETREATANTS' OBLATION

In late July of 1895 Robert Stewart opened a retreat for eight of his fellownissionaries, in quiet Hwa-sang, lying in

the peaceful hills behind Kutien city. On the last evening of the month the nine retreatants closed their devotions with an act of dedication, in preparation for their corporate Communion the next morning, and to sustain them through the coming year's work. They said in chorus:

"And here we offer and present unto Thee, O Lord, ourselves, our souls and bodies, to be a reasonable, holy, and living sacrifice unto Thee."

Their sacrifice was accepted! At daybreak they assembled again and received our Eucharistic Lord. As they turned from the altar a shrieking band of pagans suddenly burst upon them — and all but one of the oblates laid down his life at the altar steps for Christ in Fukien. These are they whose names are written in the Book of Life:

Blessed Robert Stewart Blessed Louisa Stewart Blessed Hessie Newcombe Blessed Elsie Marshall Blessed Flora Lucy Stewart Blessed Mary Ann Christian Gordon Blessed Harriette Elinor Saunders Blessed Elizabeth Maud Saunders

Once more the blood of the martyrs became the seed of the Church, for from that time on the Church in Fukien flourished, although from time to time the supreme sacrifice for Christ has been made by other Christian workers. In 1930 two missionaries and a group of Chinese Christians were martyred. As late as 1934 the Apostle Michael's own cousin, his cousin's wife, and all his family were slain in one district; a teacher and his wife in another; and in a third two catechists went singing to their martyrdom.

O Holy Martyrs of Fukien, pray for us Episcopalians; that we, following your missionary zeal, may provide the Apostle Michael with means to water the seed of your sacrifice, that Fukien may become the Kingdom of Christ's Beatitudes.

A Layman Visits Seabury House

By Morton O. NACE

N a cool crisp evening in January, we turned off the main Highway outside of Greenwich, Connecticut, where a small white sign read "Seabury House." As we drove up the main road between the stately row of trees, we saw before us the tall white columns of Seabury House shining in the darkness from the lights which illuminated the porch and from the friendly glow of lights that came from within. This was Seabury House where we were to hold a meeting of the National Council of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew and where we were to be guests for two wonderful days.

As the cab unloaded we walked up to the door and at once we were cordially greeted by Mrs. Guntherthe hostess at Seabury-who at once made us feel at home and at ease. The homey atmosphere and the attractive furnishings made us feel indeed as if we were in a private home. We were shown to our rooms which open through corridors off the stair well and found pleasing and clean bedrooms and everything possible for the comfort of the guests. The quietness of the countryside and the restful beds made the early hour rising for Holy Communion a real joy. The simplicity of the chapel made the service most inspiring and members of the council seemed to feel the spirit that prevails at Seabury House

as the Rev. Arnold Lewis celebrated. Breakfast after the service was a

pleasant surprise as the delicious food was served in a quiet, orderly manner in the lovely dining room. Plenty of food was most satisfying indeed. We were to find out through lunch and dinner that all of the meals at Seabury are something to brag about.

During the course of our meetings we had the great pleasure of having Bishop Sherrill present. We were told of the story of the acquisition of Seabury and the fine work that has been done in renovating it for the purposes of the Church and members of the Church staff. We went on a tour of the residences of those who live at Seabury and all of us were impressed. The Church indeed owes much to Bishop Sherrill for his vision and for raising the funds single-handed to purchase the property and to renovate it for use by the entire Church and provide residences for at least some of the staff members of the Church Mission House.

The ideal location, the delightful setting, the simple but effective appointments, the usability of the buildings and entire atmosphere makes Seabury House a credit to the entire Church and worthy of the support of all in its development over the years and steady improvement in all its activities. Our visit was a joy and one long to be remembered.

The Perspective of Passiontide

ITH Passion Sunday, we enter into the final fortnight of Lent, the intensification of our spiritual pilgrimage toward the supreme sacrifice of Calvary. Now the ornaments and holy pictures in our churches are veiled, and the shadow of the Cross begins to enfold us. Lenten services are multiplied; even those casual Churchmen upon whom the demands of Lent sit lightly begin to be conscious of the Church's invitation to draw apart from the world a while and to seek the things of the spirit.

As we enter upon this holy season, the Church sounds a simple and straightforward note in its collect for Passion Sunday. "We beseech thee, Almighty God, mercifully to look upon thy people; that by thy great goodness they may be governed and preserved evermore, both in body and soul; through Jesus Christ our Lord." How modest this prayer seems to be, and yet how completely it overturns the world's standards and re-orients us to the timeless standards of the Eternal God! We affirm that we are His people, and it is to His goodness, not our own virtues, that we appeal

This is not the way of the world. Specifically, it is not the way of the United States of America in this twentieth century. For we are nurtured on the idea that we must express ourselves, that we must project our institutions and our concepts into all the world, that upon our shoulders rest the government and the welfare of all the peoples of the earth. There is grave danger in this growing attitude, danger that the America that we love may become spiritually and morally arrogant, and that we begin to confuse the Scriptures with the Marshall Plan and the Creed with the Atlantic Pact. From this kind of false doctrine, this heresy and moral schism, good Lord, deliver us!

From the dawn of history, in the providence of God there has been in almost every age one race, one nation, or one people, upon which has been laid the heavy burden of superior power. At one time it was the Egyptians, at another the Babylonians, at another the Greeks, at another the Romans. Generally this power has been achieved by the sword — and, true to prophecy, by the sword it has passed away. But whatever the source, the power has carried with it responsibility in proportion, the responsibility for right use of that power in the government of God's people. And at each stage in history the nation or the race or the people that has held that power has failed to measure up to its responsibility - and in time the power has been wrested from it and given to another. Such is the history of the rise and fall of whole civilizations.

Today our own nation bears in unprecedented measure this burden of power. The influence of the

United States in every nook and cranny of the wor far exceeds that of the Roman Empire at its height and because we are a democratic nation, every citiz shares in that power — and in the responsibility the is inseparable from it. It is a sobering thought, a one with which most of us have scarcely beg to wrestle.

There is nothing either good or evil in pow itself. It is the way in which it is used that is right wrong. Power is like money — it is a means, not end; and it is only when it becomes an end that acquires the nature of evil. It is not gold, but the loof gold, that the Scriptures stigmatize as the root evil. So, too, it is not power but the abuse of pow that corrupts a nation or an individual. And it is the temptation to abuse of our national power that is the greatest threat to our nation today.

I T would be wrong to attribute our national power to any moral superiority on the part of the American people. That would be a greater heresy than the Nazi doctrine that the Nordic peoples were superiple because of some supposed inherent physical and metal attributes. But it would be equally wrong to derivate the free institutions that are the bulwark of onliberty, and the redeeming features of our materipower, are rooted and grounded in the Christic faith. The important thing for us to do is to view of problems and our opportunities in the perspective of Christianity, as did our forefathers in their momen of vision and inspiration.

Our gravest danger today is that we accept the power, the wealth, and the relative ease of living that have come to us through the sweat of our for fathers and the beneficence of our geographical position as the fruit of our own inherent merits, and that we divorce them from the moral and spiritue power that comes only from faith in God. This is on besetting temptation, both as individuals and as nation.

The lesson of Passiontide is a lesson in perspetive. God calls us to look at the world, not as appears from the steps of the Capitol in Washington or from the viewpoint of our own individual looked tower, be it high or low. He calls us rather to loo at the world as seen from the Cross. And from the point of view everything looks quite different.

Is the question one of world government? Gocalls upon us to answer it in terms of His Kingdom. Is the question one of relations with Soviet Russia God calls upon us to answer it in terms of divinsonship and human brotherhood. Is the question onof atomic power? God calls upon us to answer it in terms of His sovereignty. Is the question one of my relationship with others — at home, at school, ne factory, in the parish, in the community? God us upon us to answer it in terms of Christian

pwship.

We need this lesson, today perhaps more than . We need it in every aspect of our lives, personal, porate, national, and international. For we in erica are, in a special way, the chosen people of generation - chosen to be entrusted with the wer that can free the world or blast it to bits. And a sobering thought that every nation in the past t has held power even approaching this distantly succumbed to the temptation to abuse it, and few years or a few generations — has been over!" elmed and destroyed by it.

Let us indeed beseech Almighty God, not that we y force our ideas upon less fortunate people, ether in our own communities or in the world comnity; but that He may mercifully look upon His ple — all of them — and that by His great goods they may be governed and preserved, both in dy and in soul. Let us ask this sincerely this Passione, through Jesus Christ our only Lord and Saviour.

Most Worthy Cause

O THOSE who think of martyrdom in terms of bygone centuries, the article in this issue entitled The Bishop of the Beatitudes" will come as someing of a shock. Bishop Chang of Fukien, along with her bishops, priests, and lay missionaries in China, s to reckon with martyrdom as a contemporary phemenon of today and tomorrow, and as a vocation which he may himself be called. Such a realization vests the Faith with a stern reality that is too often cking in our comfortable stay-at-home American hristianity.

To meet Bishop Chang, or even to hear him reach, is a rare treat. Dr. Mabry does not exaggerate hen he says the Bishop "looks like the Beatitudes." e has that rare quality of so emanating his devotion our Lord that almost instinctively one exclaims: There is a really good man." Yet it is not his peronal goodness but his zeal for souls that makes this uiet Chinese bishop a power for Christianity in a nd torn by conflict and wide open to anti-Christian

We know our readers will want to help Bishop hang in his tremendous task of Christian evangelism a a vast diocese that is literally built upon the founation of modern martyrdom. Our first thought was hat we would ask our readers to supply funds for he purchase of a jeep, which would be of inestimable ssistance in enabling him to reach inaccessible parts f his diocese. We found, however, that the difficulties avolved in so apparently simple a task as buying a eep and shipping it to Fukien are tremendous. There re export licenses, import licenses, embargoes, 100% axes, and the risk of requisition either by the Na-

tionalists or by the Communists with which one would have to contend. It seems better, therefore, simply to present Bishop Chang with a sum of money, which he may use for any forward work in his diocese in his discretion.

There are many such opportunities for forward work. There are the fishing communities, which need facilities for living and worship. There is the need of a boat, a motor sampan, to reach these people who are rarely ashore. There is the need for a central church in Foochow itself, the Blessed City. And there is need for other churches, for schools and orphanages, for homes for the aged and infirm, for hospital facilities.

We therefore gladly open our columns to contributions for this worthy purpose, and we hope that our readers will contribute generously; so that when Bishop Chang starts back to his diocese in June or July, we may present him with a substantial check for his centenary fund, in the name of THE LIVING CHURCH FAMILY. We hope that many of our readers will send an Easter gift for that purpose, and will make it as substantial as possible.

Checks should be made payable to THE LIVING CHURCH RELIEF FUND, marked "For Fukien Diocesan Centenary Fund" - or simply, "For Bishop Chang's work." They may be designated as memorials if desired. And they should be sent to THE LIVING CHURCH, 744. N. Fourth St., Milwaukee 3, Wis.

A Godly Counsellor

N THE death of Dr. Leicester Crosby Lewis that part of the Church Militant called the Angican Communion has suffered a grievous loss; but the Church Expectant has gained a well seasoned and

patient pilgrim.

Fr. Lewis' official cure was St. Luke's Chapel, Trinity parish, New York, where he did outstanding work; but, in fact, he was the Gamaliel of this generation of the Episcopal Church. Since the death of Fr. Huntington in 1935 he has been its most sought out priest. Bishops throughout the Anglican Communion constantly consulted him; a number of scholars on two continents solicited his opinions; and a host of priests sought his theological, spiritual, and pastoral guidance, by correspondence, in his study, and kneeling in his confessional. He was in constant demand as a preacher, lecturer, and retreat conductor. No doubt his years were shortened by his generosity in meeting those requests. But if his followers worked him hard, they also rewarded him with their complete trust and love; and his fellow-priests both in Philadelphia, where he served for a quarter of a century and in New York bestowed on him every honor at their disposal.

Fr. Lewis was a deeply and widely learned scholar, indisputably the Episcopal Church's best all-round scholar. Yet, on the other hand, he was so friendly, so patient, so gentle, so harmonious, so understanding, so considerate, so kind, so penetrating, so commonsense. Given such qualities of heart and mind, consecrated to and by the priesthood, it is understandable why he came to be the Episcopal Church's most trusted theological and spiritual counsellor of the past decade and a half.

An ecclesiastical historian by profession, he was equally learned in the fields of New Testament criticism, dogma, moral theology, and apologetics. He was the author of an impressive number of learned theological treatises in German, French, and English; and a frequent and popular contributor to religious journals. He held doctorates, both earned and honorary, from the University of Pennsylvania, Columbia, and the Philadelphia Divinity School; and no one bore them more worthily or modestly. His vast learning was at his fingers' tips; it had passed through the crucible of experience and had become wisdom; and he articulated it in terms both intelligible and winsome. He was a great teacher of the things pertaining to God.

But he was a great counsellor and a great teacher because he was a great priest. And one sensed that he was a great priest because he was so truly a humble disciple of our Lord. Perhaps his most resplendent achievement in life — and his richest bequest to us — was his fortitude and patience in the face of the harsh adversity which beset him at one period in his life. We thank God for his life, his work, and his example, even as we pray for his soul. May he be partaker of everlasting felicity.

The Pact is Not Enough

THE Atlantic Pact, soon to be submitted to the Senate for ratification, represents unquestioned advance toward a world free from the fear of war. It recognizes the common cultural and economic interests of the North Atlantic community, for the sake of which American troops have twice landed in Europe. It binds these interests with those of all the Americans who are already united in the Rio Pact. In extending the Monroe Doctrine to the Elbe, in fact to the Brandenburger Tor, if we take the Berlin air-lift into account, the pact modernizes our defense outlook and mechanism.

Yet such is the lag between science and diplomacy that the pact represents the age of the B-29, already outmoded by the B-50. In another respect too it is already obsolete. The pact aims at defense in case of "armed attack." Hitler used this method on both fronts, but only after he had softened up his neighbors by ideological infiltration. Hitler, however, was crude and his basic idea selfish and parochial. Communism has world-wide ramifications and domesticates itself readily among the frustrated anywhere. It does this not by "armed attack" but by boring from within. Here is where the Atlantic Pact may prove to have

a soft under-belly. The Communist successes in Chi in the face of American assistance to the nation government, are a warning for the rest of the wor

What interpretation would be given under a Pact to the establishment of a Communist government of one of the Atlantic States by normal processes the ballot box—with or without wholesale fraud a intimidation? In spite of the present trend award from Communism, its ticket still has a quarter more of the actual voters in France and Italy. The experience of Central Europe shows that a major is not required to put the Communists in the sadd Some turn of destiny, perhaps ineptness of the democratic parties, might put Thorez or Togliatti on the without "armed attack." Would the Atlantic Pathen come into play? Against whom—one of its sanatories?

Fortunately, the E.R.P., the Exchange of Person and many other measures are at work consolidation the gains for democracy in Western Europe. The are the best defense. A pact is as strong as the work to carry out its terms, and the best bulwark again Communism is free will, a healthy economy and just social order. With such conditions in the Nor-Atlantic—on both its shores—and with the Pact an insurance policy, the tensions that exist may proto be stimulating and purifying, leading to bett things, not to worse. But the price of security, as liberty, is eternal vigilance; and that is as importation the social and economic fronts as it is on the mitary one.

Mrs. Ivins

THE HEARTS of THE LIVING CHURCH FAMING on the death of his beloved wife, Sarah. The Bish of Milwaukee is one of the two "Bishops of TB LIVING CHURCH" (the other being the Bishop of Ne York), and Bishop Ivins has served THE FAMING as a wise counsellor, steadfast supporter, and spiritus father for many years.

Mrs. Ivins fulfilled the exacting role of a Bishop wife with wit and discretion. Never voicing an opinio on debated matters of diocesan policy, she nevertheless took a keen interest in all forward-looking proects; and even during the last four years when she needed oxygen constantly, she was to be found graing diocesan meetings with her presence and vigorou personality.

Though she never gave unsought advice, she wa a tower of strength to priests and bishops, and to lay people in many parts of the world, through her leveheaded and sympathetic counsel in times of stress.

Mrs. Ivins did much to make the diocese of Mil waukee a happy family and her departure is a persona loss to each member of the diocese. May the Lord God grant her eternal rest and may light perpetua shine upon her.

Why I Am Staying in China

By the Rev. Charles P. Gilson

China Missionary of the Episcopal Church

ANY times, over the past six months, I, as a missionary in China, have been asked, "Why 't you go back to the States?".

On page two of the Lenten issue of Forward-Day-By-Day pamphlet, appeal is made for missionaries. "Will offer for Church service overseas?" ina's name is conspicuously absent in the list of missionary fields that folys the appeal. This seems to imply that are all through in China, that it is longer a field of opportunity and its no more missionary help.

I do not believe that we are through any means. Our opportunities may curtailed for a time, but we are not ough, and we must come back. That one reason, and a strong one, why I a staying in China. However, my basic, d compelling reason for staying in hina goes much deeper than that.

Missionaries to China have always en confronted with problems and sees, ever since Christianity was first troduced to the country. They have do to meet conditions, and make decions which have taxed every last ounce their resources, fortitude, and faith ach one, in making these decisions, has ad to weigh not only his personal conderations, but also those of his Chinese iends and associates.

Now, today, with China in a new isis, the Church in China and the hina missionaries are again faced with a need to make decisions. This time, owever, they are up against a new hallenge presenting new problems, new otentialities, new fears, and new opportuities to prove—or let be disproved—hat Christianity is firmly established in hina.

Many of our American missionary asociates have already left China. Most of hem have had good and sound reason for aving so decided. Many, against their wn wishes, have been ordered to leave y their home boards, or have been combelled to leave by ill health or family ituations.

This statement — my reason as to why am staying in China — is written in he first person, singular, but it is my wife's statement, too. It is the reason why we are staying in China. It is a declaration, as it were, of principles, ideals, and

I suppose I have always been somewhat of an idealist. My background is that of the average businessman: I had been moderately successful for 25 years when I became a missionary. Had I not

given up that life my future economic security would have been practically guaranteed. As I matured I found myself more and more inwardly rebelling against the lack of Christian ethics in business, and against the failure of so many Americans to contribute actively, or to share their talents, abilities, time, and faith in the building of a more Christian world civilization.

As is so common with many American businessmen, I made no effort to carry out actively my passive convictions . . . other than the small part I took as an average layman in my home parish and diocese. Finally, the opportunity to enter mission work presented itself, and I realized I could not refuse to take advantage of it without being guilty of gross hypocrisy.

BURNING BRIDGES

When I finally sailed for China, I had burned most of my bridges, both mental and material. I was entering a life full of obligations, of opportunities to put into practice my faith and my ideals, of opportunities to share whatever I might have of faith and ideals with others I believed less fortunate than I. It was an opportunity to bring to the Chinese perhaps nothing more than an example, but even that might prove to them that Christianity can and will provide a life of peace and happiness. When I took this step, I knew the course I had laid out for myself would not be easy. It has not been easy, and it never will be. I was no longer a young man. I was settled and matured in years, used to the life to which I had been born, and in which I had lived, and to its comforts and amenities.

It takes time to demonstrate proof of these convictions and ideals I brought to China with me. It cannot be done overnight. No matter how long I stay in China, I will only have just started, so how can I leave China now? Whenever the time may come that I will have to leave my work here, whatever the cause may be, I will still only have scratched the surface in the attainment of what I am trying to accomplish. Therefore, I must take every possible advantage of the little time I have, and, please God, I will stay my time out and do as much as I am able.

I came to China with my eyes open, realizing I must be prepared to meet and accept any of the many possible eventualities that might be met in the life of a China missionary. We are thankful

that my wife, two boys, and I were together until recently.

Because of present conditions in our part of China, it became apparent that if our two boys stayed on with us, their education would be interrupted, thus further delaying their plans for returning to China permanently. Therefore, it seemed wiser to all of us for the boys to return to the States in January. We will miss them, because we have always been a closely knit family. We were prepared for this, however - at least mentally and we certainly cannot feel sorry for ourselves. Perhaps my wife and I will sometime have to be separated. I hope this will never be necessary, and I doubt it will, but we can meet that and take it if and when we come to it.

When the first official announcement was made urging all American nationals to leave China immediately unless they had "compelling reasons for staying," many Americans were evacuated. The Chinese were thrown into a panic of fear and uncertainty. As a result, many of them left their homes and fled to other locations they thought would provide more safety. Many of them have now returned to their homes, not having found either the physical or the economic safety they sought.

Day after day, Chinese — both Christian and non-Christian — come to me and ask me what I am going to do. As soon as I assure them I never had any intention of leaving, and still do not have, they invariably say "then I will stay here." So how can I leave China now?

Day after day, Chinese come to me seeking advice concerning their families, their homes, their health, their finances, and their faith. Many of them have complete and absolute faith in the sincerity and wisdom of us American missionaries. To whom will they turn for advice and help, and the strength they seem to gain from our strength, if we leave them? How can I leave China now?

The average Chinese seems to believe, and rightly so, that future conditions should bring no more personal danger to us Americans than to themselves. If I left my friends now, they could not help but believe that I ran away because of fear. Immediately there would come into their minds a doubt as to the strength of my faith. In my immediate vicinity, there is still no danger and no real hardship conditions under which we must live. So, why should I leave China now?

There is no doubt that eventually

some of us will be unable to carry on fully the particular mission work that we have been doing. But numberless ways will remain by which any of us can help the Chinese, ways by which we can prove our faith. They know that I can leave China now, while most of them cannot leave. Ever since Christianity first came to China we have taught, and preached, and lived by faith. It seems to me the least I can do is to give evidence

that I believe my own words. I hope to stay and be a Christian, even if I cannot carry on my normal work. I am convinced that one can be a witness even under imposed inactivity. I have met danger before and have known fear and terror, but my faith has come through—or I should say my faith has brought me through. If I should be faced again with personal danger, I hope that my faith will be strong enough to meet it. I be-

lieve it will, but why not wait and and give my faith a chance? So, how I leave China now?

Perhaps I shall be forced to les China before I choose to do so. Perhithat time may come when, by stayi I would be a burden, or cause hards or danger to my Chinese friends and sociates. Then of course I would lea Perhaps the time may come when a home mission board cannot provide

EVERYDAY RELIGION =

Jesus Among the Gadarenes

V. They Besought Him to Depart
By Bishop John of Brooklyn

Translated from the Russian by S. Taneyew

AND the herd ran violently down a steep place into the lake, and were choked."

What happened after that? "When they that fed them saw what was done, they fled and went out and told it in the city and in the country. Then they went out to see what was done. . . . " From all sides did the Gadarenes gather to see what happened. The subsequent narrative of the Gospel makes us presume that these people were attacked primarily by curiosity. Also in our day curiosity often precedes many other psychic impulses, not only the bad ones but good ones as well. It even frequently precedes charity and compassion. It antedates fear and the instinct of selfpreservation. An "event" is as necessary to men as bread. Perverted human nature contemplates the world not as the reflection of celestial har-mony, in which every little thing is valuable, because of its immediate relation to the great entity of God's world, but as a tedious absurdity which resolves itself into the search for a variety of pleasures and where events of varying curiosity take place. Men rush to obtain "news." But "news" only blocks access to the divine mysteries.

Evidently the Gadarenes hurried to witness the extraordinary event. . . . "And came to Jesus, and found the man out of whom the devils were departed, sitting at the feet of Jesus, clothed and in his right mind: and they were afraid."

Fearful and awesome the event was indeed. Clearly a miracle, an act of supernatural power. Not merely the healing, but, in truth, the resurrection of a man who used to live in the teacher.

The miracle required no further comment. Yet witnesses "told" the comers from the city and the country "by what means he that was possessed of the devils was healed."

What happened after that? . . . Of course one would think that the people fell on their knees in gratitude to God for the coming of the great Healer; that they rejoiced over the salvation of one whom they had seen perishing for so long; that they told the Saviour of others possessed and sick and asked Him to heal them as well; that they invited the Saviour and begged Him to bring them joy by penetrating more deeply into their country. If only it had happened that way! But what actually took place was very different.

Having destroyed the swine, the demons, although they had not been permitted to reënter men, were nevertheless satisfied to see their own feelings and desires reflected in the Gadarenes.

The inhabitants of Gadara asked Jesus to leave their boundaries. . . . "The whole multitude of the country of the Gadarenes round about, besought Him to depart from them."

Let him, who has never been guilty of that sin, throw the first stone at them! My conscience does not permit me to do so, although I feel the terrible sinfulness of their act. To forbid the incarnate, living God, the Creator of heaven and earth to enter their country and their houses! What can be more extraordinary and monstrous? And yet there is hardly any act more ordinary than this. Every one here on earth is guilty of it. Guilty are all those who do not look up to heaven and who do not raise their eyes to the Son of Man. Every day

and every hour we prevent our Lord and Saviour from entering our precincts; we do not let Him in, Him who stands by our hearts.

"Behold I stand at the door and knock." (Rev. 3:20). Who opens it to Him? Who rejoices at His knocking? Who hears and retains His voice? Who remembers Him amid the routine of his life? Without even mentioning the inner, more subtle and persistent repudiation of His spirit, unseen in the world, except by the angels, how much overt, rude and impertinent inobedience to the will of God, how much rebellion against Christ's truth.

In this, His own world, Christ is as much persecuted as He was in His Judea.

The Gadarenes who refused to let Him enter their country, were, nevertheless, better than humanity today.

"Then the whole multitude of the Gadarenes round about, besought Him to depart from them." Just think, they besought the Lord. Does any one beseech the Lord today, that He should leave this or that country? This would be too God-fearing for the modern! In our day the Lord is simply ejected from the human heart from the mind of the youth, from the holy prayer of a child. He is rudely forbidden to enter a human heart. How many false theories there are concerning Christianity! How many lies about the Son of God! How much is He despised in many human teachings! How distorted is His divine face and how His truth is debased!

It is not for our European countries to judge the land of the Gadarenes. Nor is it for modern civilized peoples to condemn the people of Gadara.

the doing in China. Then I would have cary to find other means of support, the would be difficult if not impos-

AMERICAN SUPPORT

We have been hearing alarming rucess lately that the people in the United tes, particularly our own Churchple, are showing a rapidly decreasing erest in China and our China mission ork, and, therefore, that the contribuins for the work here are rapidly deasing. We hear recurring comments to it it is a waste of effort and money, cour more good money after bad down

peration Rat-hole."

Over the past 100 years we have built a tremendously strong Christian pup in China, with the help of our dical, educational, and Church institions. China has never been wealthy, ad now it is nearly destitute economicity. The Chinese cannot take over and try on alone the work we have establied, so are we going to drop them le a hot potato and run? The support the American people was never more citically needed than now. Suppose we have to curtail some of our mission

ork, and reduce our mission staff for a hile? Suppose the time might come hen we cannot receive supplies and nds into China from the United States? hat cannot be a lasting condition; it not the nature of the Chinese people allow such a condition to last for long. o, if all of this should happen (and it is ntirely possible it will not) why not eet that when we come to it? Let us alize that we must keep building up serves against the time when we will back in full strength, needing more apport than ever, or than may normally available at that time, in continuing hat we started, and what we have tried show the Chinese we believe in.

Referring back to the appeal for mison workers, mentioned above. Now is ne ideal time to recruit missionaries for hina — if we believe, of course, that we re not all through here. There must be nany young people who would welcome ne opportunity to start now to prepare hemselves for service in China. A peiod of careful and skillful training for ervice in the China mission field would e invaluable. To be wholly efficient, a China missionary should have a good inderstanding and speaking knowledge of the Chinese language. Few people ealize that by studying constantly for year - even though the study is partime — one can acquire an elementary peaking knowledge of Chinese. Therefore any recruiting program in the United States for overseas missionaries should by all means include language preparation and other study before actual service in China.

All of us have frequently heard the

old sentiment, namely, why spend time, resource, and money trying to force a new religion down the throats of a people who don't want it, who have been perfectly satisfied and happy with their own beliefs over thousands of years. The only foundation for such a statement is lack of knowledge of what our mission is doing in China and of the policy it follows. For instance, when a non-Christian is ill, it is because he has faith in our doctors that he comes to one of our hospitals. While he is in our hospital Christianity is not forced on him. He is exposed to Christianity, by the care and attention he receives. He may never become a Christian, but he will always be welcomed back to our hospital if the need

We have something to give these people. We have something to give people the world over. The Chinese people are human beings, just as much so as we Americans are. Most of us Americans have inherited Christianity and all its benefits, and are prone to take it for

granted. A third or fourth generation Chinese Christian is a rarity.

Think of this, also. The present situation in China is largely due to the influence of our western civilization. Any nation with such vast potential resources as China, has always been exploited by other cultures and civilizations. For some reason or other, in all of history, any evil influence is always more strongly felt, and has a more telling effect, than the good. So, the social, cultural, and moral evolution in China has followed a normal pattern. That is why the Chinese, with no long background of Christian ethics and principles, cannot be wholly blamed for now finding themselves in what is probably the most critical period in their history. Therefore, it seems to me that right now we have not only a greater obligation but a far greater opportunity than ever before to stand by and do whatever we can to prove our belief in the rightness of true Christian ethics and thought. So, how can I leave China now?

SOUL'S COUNTRY

...unto Whom all hearts are open, all desires known and from Whom no secrets are hid ...

]

Let not one spadeful of its soil escape analysis. Find what grows where it should and what should not. Map carefully its shape. Dive its bright waters to their rock and sand, observe each flash and shadow that eludes your gaze, fading along slow currents where, deft-finned among the weed stems, hunger broods. Climb to its glacier summits, freely stand, tranced in the lonely purity of snow. Reluctantly descend, the desert waits. In fertile meadows where the land slopes low forbear to sojourn lest you miss the cool reflection of Love's face in some high pool.

II

Report this country, Soul. You have explored its reach and spread, have studied and surveyed. What have you found of use? And what is bad? The garden seeds you scattered have decayed. Cry out across its boundaries, the soul whose level plain meets yours may make reply. Fence in the swampland bottom where it joins another's quicksand. To the mountains fly. Give back to God who gave it, mystery, each piercing joy, each mimic death of sleep, each drop that rivers of desire have poured down twisted canyons long since driven deep, transparent to His eyes in every part that battlefield of choice which is the heart.

PORTIA MARTIN.

BOOKS

- The Rev. CARROLL E. SIMCOX, Editor

"Mass Man's" Dilemma

Mass Man and Religion, by E. G. Lee, Harper and Brothers, New York, 1948. Pp. 160. \$2.50.

This book, imported from England, won "the £10,000 United Nations Literary Competition." Of the nature of that prize and who bestows it, I have no knowledge. At any rate it is a fascinating book, even though one feels compelled to question its final contention. Mr. Lee's premises are largely true.

It is indubitable that modern man, mass man, has abandoned any real faith in the absolute God and is lost in a world of relativisms, which results in his personal unhappiness and in his giving up of all moral standards and sanctions, except those of expediency. First he forsook Christianity for ideologies—Fascism, National Socialism, Communism; but these lost compelling force in two decades, and mass man thereupon goes in for naturalistic nationalism, for a travesty of patriotism which substitutes the Absolute State for the Absolute God.

Nor can one doubt that Christianity in its traditional forms, imprisoned in stereotyped words of old time, has lost appeal for most people; that it seems to them mythological, unscientific, irrelevant. Far from making the spiritual, the intangible, seem real, it has the opposite effect. This is as true of Catholicism as it is of Traditional Protestantism or of Liberal Modernism. All of them are so concerned with the God of history, with the past, that they hide the God of the here and now, the Timeless One. All of them too generally regard creeds, and Catholicism sacraments, as ends, instead of as symbolic avenues to the true end, which is laying hold on the divine Reality. In consequence, Christianity seems to the great masses, and to those who lead the masses, archaic, quaint; for it one has a sentimental regard, perhaps, but no respect. All this is true; would to God our seminaries made the issue plain to budding clergymen. They would not then waste their apologetic and homiletic time on trivia. It will do every priest and every ordinand a lot of good to read this book. Even though much of it will upset, the upset will be helpful.

Where the book falls down, it seems to me, is in its positive prescription. It apparently advocates the abandonment of those creeds and sacraments in which for ages Christians have found help and an appeal totally to new experience. Because creeds and sacraments have been abused, and are still being abused, they

have no proper and legitimate use. Mavbe I misunderstand Mr. Lee, (the ending is a bit confused by his too great desire to be simple), but so I read him. This is a great non sequitur. The new Christianity, he says, is to be centered about Jesus, just as the older forms of it were; but who and what Jesus is, must be reëxplored with no dependence on what He has meant to our fathers. Here Mr. Lee becomes the child of his day, and not too shrewd a child. He makes two mistakes, both characteristic of the mid-twentieth century. The first of these is to think that man's situation now is essentially different from what it has always been just because we have discovered that the universe is larger than our fathers supposed. (One is reminded of the old colored woman, removed from Boston to Los Angeles and driven out to view the ocean. "You see. auntie, this is the Pacific Ocean, much larger than the Atlantic Ocean." "Yes," the old one replied, "of course I sees it is.") The second is in an assumption that the primary necessity of religion is to justify God to present day civilization, instead of the other way about.

But make no mistake, this book ought certainly to be read and pondered, especially by those who exalt dogmatic definition into the place of God, who are, of course, idolators. St. Thomas would, I think, have liked Mr. Lee's work, even where he could not wholly approve of it. Certainly St. Augustine would.

BERNARD IDDINGS BELL.

A Mystic's Testimony

A CALL TO WHAT IS VITAL. By Rufus M. Jones. New York: Macmillan Co., 1948. Pp. 143. \$2.

As one should expect in this last book (posthumous) by Rufus Jones, the mysticism of the Quaker shows on every page. There are beautiful sections on the saints, the saints of everyday life as well as the famous saints. This book is a fervent call to the practice of the presence of God which the author believes is the immediate and vital need of the Church. The discussion of prayer is best characterized by a quotation: "The soul is never at its best until it enjoys God and prays out of sheer love." The sections on the Bible should stimulate Bible reading, especially of the prophets.

This book was written in order to win back to religion those college students who have stopped going to Church "because what they hear there is at variance with what they know." "What they know" is what they have learn in science classes. Mr. Jones believe that if this is to be done, Christian must reinterpret its faith to fit the fau as twentieth century man knows the to be. Christians must eliminate litur and outworn creeds made to fit earli ages; develop the practice of the preence of God; and dedicate themsely to rebuilding the social order of tworld along the lines of the Kingdo of God.

Although these views expressed Mr. Jones' kindly manner are the normal outgrowth of Quaker mysticist there are some items of theology whie might startle even a Quaker. For it stance, the Divine Spark, the Inn. Light of true Quakerism, he finds, wifirst discovered by Aristotle (Activ Reason) and its nature made clear Flotinius (Logos). Also, his Christology reveals a Christ, both human and divine, but not quite God—"a 'muttion' from the usual run of persons.

A reader of this book should have a hand such a book as *Behold The Spirit* by Fr. Alan Watts, who has an excelent understanding of the Christian catto the mystical life, and who has show its place in the whole life of the Church Warren G. Jenkins.

Conflict of Cultures

ZULU WOMAN. By Rebecca Hourwic Reyher. New York: Columbia University Press, 1948. Pp. 282. \$3.

What happens in the mind and character of a sensitive woman, one of th sixty wives of a Zulu king, is told with candor and sympathy in Zulu Woman Christina, the First Wife of King Solomon, was reared in a Christian hom and studied in Christian schools. Her firm, strong personality, affectionate and intelligent nature, gave her first place in the King's regard; but his frivolous and unstable character, the degrading circumstances of polygamy, goaded Christina, with utmost courage to obtain the first divorce ever granted to a Zulu woman.

Christina told her story to Mrs. Reyher in 1934 during a month of intensive and vivid narration. Both women are gifted story-tellers, and the Zulu woman released her pent-up emotions to skilled and sympathetic listening.

The book narrowly escapes journalistic sensationalism and becomes, by its obvious authenticity, a valuable contribution to the field of anthropology. There is a foreword by Dr. Ruth Benedict, well-known anthropologist; a very beautiful frontispiece of a Zulu woman by Richmond Barthé, which, if not actually the portrait of Christina, is her very self as we see her in the book. There is a fascinating appendix giving the Zulu woman's recipes for love philters, beauty aids, and medicines.

sak Dinessen remarks in one of her sitive books on Africa, "All natives e in them a strong strain of mala shrill delight in things going bng. . . ." In Zulu Woman this qualis strong. Jealousy, vindictiveness, iltery, malice, violence, the ugly prime emotions, are vividly portrayed in s fast-paced story. Christina's lovely sonality surmounts, illumines, escapes sordid world and redeems the ugly cumstances of polygamy.

VIRGINIA E. HUNTINGTON.

Introduction to Schweitzer

HE AFRICA OF ALBERT SCHWEITZER. By Charles R. Joy and Melvin Arnold, with concluding essay by Dr. Schweitzer. Joint publishers: Harper and Brothers, and Beacon Press. New York, 1948. \$3.75.

This is another worthy book, of which veral have come forth during the past ar or so, about a noble and fascinating bject. It does not really duplicate any the other Schweitzer literature, and though it is not a substitute for a good ography like Seaver's or Hagedorn's is an intriguing introduction to le and Docteur of Lambarene.

What it is is a life-like presentation f the human environment in which chweitzer works, by means of wonderil photography and a running commentry on the pictures. It will give you a etter idea of what Dr. Schweitzer has o contend with and how he goes about

is mission than will any of the other

In format, make-up, and typography he book is beautiful and well-nigh perect, save for two rather astonishing mperfections. One of these is that the ages are not numbered. What good ffect, artistic or otherwise, is achieved y this pointless innovation is hard to magine. The second fault is that a picure-and-story will regularly be set in he midst of the text without a sufficient contrast in type to indicate that here is 'time out for a picture." Consequently you read from regular text into picturestory unsuspectingly, until you get the hang of it, wondering if you have skipped a page or have got a faulty copy.

These are the only flaws in an otherwise perfect book, and I mention it only so that you will be forewarned as you

Dr. Schweitzer's essay, Our Task in Colonial Africa, runs to only six pages, but in it the greatest living Christian not only persuades us that there is a Christian "white man's burden" but shows us what it is.

I wonder if there breathes a single Christian with soul so dead - even in the Episcopal Church - that he could

read this book and still "not believe in missions.'

Trappist's Testimony

THE SEVEN STOREY MOUNTAIN. By Thomas Merton. New York: Harcourt, Brace. 1948. \$3.

This is an important book, for many reasons. It is written by a Trappist monk within the Monastery of Our Lady of

Gethsemane in Kentucky.

It is the life story of this monk, now known as Frater M. Louis. The author carries us along with him from his childhood in France, England, and America; through his adolescence and young manhood; and finally to his life within the cloister. Issuing from the pen of a skilled writer, now matured in self-surrender to his God, it is interspersed throughout with keen spiritual observations, intelligent philosophy, and sound Christian teaching.

The book bears strong testimony to the inescapable truth of the oft-repeated saying of St. Augustine, "Thou madest us for Thyself, and our heart is restless, until it repose in Thee." God literally tugged at the heart of Thomas Merton. In his youth he chased pleasure with a self-centered disdain for God. His first experience in the monastery came as a retreatant. He takes us through the postulant's probationary beginnings to the surrender of the monk in his final life vows. To do God's will, to truly be God's child, to lose himself completely in Christ, to fulfil God's vocation for him is the continuous prayer of the contemplative monk.

He gives us a better understanding of the meaning of the contemplative life. and shows us that effective work can be done only by one who leads a life of contemplation, whether in the factory, on

the farm, or in the cloister.

It appears to me that he discounts the value of his baptism as a child (he was conditionally baptized when he went into the Roman Church). Who can judge but that the grace of God's gift of the Holy Ghost in this baptism in southern France was not the real motive force which led to his surrender to God?

We Episcopalians should note how ineffective are the worship and ministrations of some of our clergy and parishes. His first contact, after coming to a realization that he needed the Christian religion, was with one of our parishes where his father had at one time served as organist. But the rector talked more about modern literature and politics than he did about religion and God. He felt that the man did not know his vocation, and what he was supposed to be. He also found that this priest practically admitted from the pulpit, as he did in private, that he did not believe the Creed.

A priest who was living in Christ and teaching the Catholic faith in its entirety, would have quickly sensed the boy's yearning for God. How many other such souls are we missing? How many opportunities have been lost by our clergy when they fail to think and talk and dress and pray like the priests they are as a result of their ordination? When we, laity and clergy alike, accept our call to our vocation as saints and make our lives a constant prayer "that He may dwell in us, and we in Him,' our religious orders and seminaries will overflow, and our churches will be filled, not once, but three or four times EUGENE C. NOYES. on Sunday.

The Inexorable Kierkegaard

PURITY OF HEART IS TO WILL ONE THING: Spiritual Preparation for the Office of Confession. By Soren Kier-kegaard. Translated from the Danish with an Introductory Essay by Douglas V. Steere. New York: Harper and Brothers, 1948. \$2.50.

I read this book one chapter per evening. I recommend that you read it one chapter per week - preferably as a Saturday-evening preparation for Holy

Communion the next day.

The tight-packed style demands a leisurely pace, and the utter ruthlessness of Kierkegaard's insight into the selfdeceptions of the soul can easily replace the sin of pride with the sin of despair if the reader does not come up for air once in a while. For this is an inexorable book: no shred of defense is left, no tiny extenuation for any kind of "double-mindedness." The only danger is that the sinful reader may conclude that he is so far from single-mindedly willing the Good that he might as well give up trying.

About the greatness of the book there can be no question. It should be regarded as the equivalent of shock therapy - and it might be effective in cases where gentler remedies were useless. But all extreme measures have their perils, and anyone who feels himself permanently and hopelessly in the hands of an angry God after sitting at the feet of the unrelenting Dane would do well to read, say, Thomas Kelly's Testament of Devotion and learn that there is a less tormented road to God - one that trusts more in God's love and less in man's introspective cataloguing of sins and evasions. The more I think of these two books together, the more I am intrigued by their juxtaposition: they offer an admirably balanced diet.

Professor Steere's introduction is admirable. Since I do not read Danish I cannot comment on the accuracy of his translation, but it is smooth and reads like genuine English. CHAD WALSH.

What Happens at a Retreat

Second of Two Articles

By Constance Garrett

THERE is nothing mysterious about a retreat. It is the simplest thing in the world. It is absolute stillness, waiting for God to act upon one. All that is necessary for a retreat is quietness and desire. But in this day of rush and noise it is not always easy to procure quietness. Therefore certain places have been set aside for retreats, and in these places conditions have been made as favorable as possible for quietness of body and mind and spirit, that one may attain to fellowship with God and learn of Him.

Let us look at the details, the skeleton work of the retreat, through which this fellowship with God may be attained. First, the retreat must be made in some place where the world with its problems, worries, and enticements can be shut out. "Come ye apart." Our Lord always "withdrew to a solitary place" for His retreats—to a "desert place," upon a mountain, or in a garden. A rural location is always desirable, though it cannot always be provided. It not only offers freedom from outside noises, but it also draws restless hearts into its own stillness.

Silence is of utmost importance. Even though it may not be obtained in location, it can be maintained within the house itself. The essential silence and solitude of heart can be created within each person, at least. That is why the rule of silence is observed. At first it may seem to be an artificial thing, even oppressive, but as soon as the mind and body relax, it becomes a thing of joy, bringing its own peace. Chattering and polite conversation are so foreign to the purpose of retreat that none could accept them, but even purposeful and devout conversation deadens the voice of God. Be still. Wait thou upon thy God.

A retreat cannot be made hurriedly. It takes time for silence to quiet the restless mind and spirit. It takes time to tune the ears and spirit to the voice of God, certainly a weekend, or three or four days. The experienced retreatant may prefer a week or longer. It takes time to conquer the intrusions of the world and to bring quietness of heart wherein God can speak. Out in the world in time of danger or stress, God may call to one above the tumult until He makes His command or warning heard, but for deep communion He waits for our undivided attention. And we must wait for Him. Even a shortened retreat, however, or a "quiet day" may give a glimpse of the greater blessing

which awaits him who will seek it and whet the desire for it.

The retreat may be made by one alone or by a group of people who are more or less equal in spiritual development and intellect and who are united in the one purpose of drawing near to God. The group is guided in meditations and prayer daily by an experienced leader who also aids in self-examination as needed.

Solitary retreats often bring great blessings. They have the advantage of being more easily arranged at any time suited to the retreatant. Some slight direction by a priest or other counsellor, perhaps a book of devotion, and opportunity for Holy Communion is all that is needed by most people for a solitary retreat. Christian lives and the Church at large would be greatly enriched if more solitary retreats were made.

The central act of any retreat is the daily celebration of the Holy Eucharist where each receives his Lord in the sacrament and offers God the supreme act of worship. The actual presence of our Lord in the sacrament is extended throughout the day so that one walks, and waits, and dwells in that blessed Presence all the time.

The meditations given by the director in the group retreat have a continuity of thought and work up to the one purpose of closer union with God. The meditations are given at stated intervals: usually one in the morning, one in the late afternoon, and one in the evening. Following each is a time for silent prayer and thought - for silent meditation by each individual along the suggested line. It is as though a great feast were spread out and each one selects those delicacies which are to his taste. Or, better, it is as though all were actors in a great pageant and the director, standing at the side, throws out cue after cue, but each actor takes only his own and lets the others go. No two people in the retreat will be following exactly the same line of thought, but God opens up to each one the line of thought He has for him.

These personal meditations may be made in the chapel, on solitary walks, in one's own room, or in any other quiet place available and conducive to self-forgetfulness and recollection. There is never any restraint; there is no need for wondering if one is doing the right thing. Anything is right as long as it does not disturb another and does hold one in the Presence of God.

Meals are served in silence. There is

no need for talk because everything done simply and efficiently. Because it more difficult to maintain a spirit of rollectedness at meals, often some reads aloud from some book which he monizes with the theme of the retre

All life during the retreat is simple Food, clothes, manners, and program a kept as simple as possible that they ment draw attention away from the pupose of the retreat—to dwell in Gor Presence. Much time is given for reand relaxation. The tired body and to tired spirit intensify one another; so to does the rested body aid the spirit in i rest. As the body relaxes, the spirit set free to find its rest in God.

One is much alone, and these time as well as the times set aside especial for meditation, are used for self-exan nation and the forming of purposes ar resolutions. As one looks steadfastly upo God and begins to realize His wisdo and glory and love, there comes humili and sorrow for carelessness, irreverenand indevotion, and for sin and failur And then "to him who knows himse to be a worm, God gives wings." In the silence, God's voice can be heard by eac one, telling him his sins and failures, h weaknesses and lacks. And to each, Go gives strength, and courage, and hope God reveals to each His will for the individual life, the work to be done b him. God reveals His purpose for eac life. In the silence, God's love draws eac person nearer and nearer to Himself.

Self-examination often brings question and problems too exacting for the in dividual to decide for himself. Often th burden of sin cries out for sacramenta Confession. The director is always avail able for counselling and Confession, et ther informal or sacramental as desired

As the retreat draws to a close, each person forms his own resolutions. Thes have grown out of a realization of his own weakness and the greatness of the indwelling Christ. Each reforms his pur poses and lays hold upon the strength of freely offered him for his life in the world. But best of all, each is reformed himself, transformed, made anew, by the fellowship he has had with God. So he goes back to his tasks, refreshed, renewed reunited with God, ready to witness for Him in the world, knowing that he can and must again go apart with his Lord in a solitary place and there rest in Him. "But why the retreat?" some ask-

"Does not the Church teach these things: the greatness of God, humility, repentance, resolution, courage?" Yes, the

rch teaches all these. Certainly the rat is not something outside the normal and valued part of the Chrislife. The retreat is the servant of Church; in retreat all the teaching he Church is made personal, direct, Our Lord drew His disciples tt into retreat that they might go out power and fire to quicken others. v power and fire will come to relia today only by deepening in a chosen that same spirit which produced the stles, and later the confessors and tyrs. If our Lord used the retreat for purpose, how can we hope to accomh His work without it?

Retreat goes beyond "formal church-nship." Many a churchman has gone years, attending Church services, sayhis prayers, giving alms, joylessly, itlessly. True, every Sunday our Lord present upon the altar; true, God is rays "standing by, refusing to be tanged." But this churchman never ers into His Presence, never enters o His silence to hear His voice.

CONVERTING POWER

The Church needs revitalizing, not organizing. The converting power of Church will return as it comes in lividuals. Too many have been busy out the means of religion, and have rgotten or lost the end. In retreat one brought back to that end -- to know od. In retreat one dwells with God d in so doing becomes a new creature Him. There one becomes; from there ne goes out to do. It is when the Church imbers by the hundreds and thousands ose who are revitalized by the power God through retreat that she will now again the power of Pentecost. It as in retreat when the disciples were ith one accord in one place that there ame a sound from heaven as of a rushng mighty wind, and they were filled

ith the Holy Ghost. A retreat is something quite different rom a conference or a school of prayer. The conference and the school look outvard toward some chosen subject or purose; they are important and necessary, at they do not take the place of retreat. The sole purpose of retreat is that each person, as an individual, be brought into closer union with God and to a clearer inderstanding of God's will for his life. One must never bring a problem into rereat and demand God's solution to it. Rather, one comes with the simple intention of knowing God and of resting in His Presence. But he goes back into the world so refreshed and so united with God that problems drop away and all things fall into their appointed places within the will of God.

Some, who have had no experience with them, fear retreats as drawing people away from the realities of life and unfitting them for the grosser matters of

The Secret Way

JOSEPH WITTKOFSKI

THE BOOK

No study is more important than the one in which man comes to know himself and his destiny. While The Secret Way is a new approach to Christian mysticism, in essence it is as old as the teachings of all the great men and women who have found their peace of mind within the life of God.

The author uses the truths of such sciences as Physics, Biology and Psychology to underscore those of Biotheology—the spiritual science of human life in God. Most important of all he offers, as Bishop Pardue states in the Foreword, a program leading to the spiritual dynamic which will again make alive the Church of

THE AUTHOR

Joseph Nicholas Wittkofski was born in 1912 in the town of Findlay, Ohio. His education was extensive, ranging in college years through an impressive array of schools:—St. Joseph's in Indiana, St. Gregory's Seminary in Ohio, the University of Illinois, and New York City's Fordham University. A brilliant student of Biology and Mystical Theology, he became a priest of the Roman Church and held professorships at Vernard College, Pennsylvania, and Maryknoll Seminary, New York.

In 1944 a seemingly prescribed pattern of life changed. Joseph Wittkofski was received into the Anglican Communion by the Rt. Rev. Austin Pardue, Bishop of Pittsburgh. Following service with the Armed Forces, he returned to the Diocese of Pittsburgh where he is the present editor of Church News (Diocesan Magazine) and priest-in-charge of St. Mary's, Charleroi.

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the world. There could be no great misconception. One rector after anothas testified that those of his flock frequent retreats are the ones who best handle the problems of the par They are the ones who "understand w he is trying to do" and give him greatest assistance.

Others think of the retreat as agency to bring people to the Chur and not for those who are already tively a part of it. It was after the re zation of His divine mission to ea following His baptism that Jesus w drew more and more to be with G Many people do not realize the deperence of Jesus the Man upon God Father. "Believest thou not that I in the Father, and the Father in m The word that I speak unto you I spe not of myself: but the Father that dwe eth in me, he doeth the works." It is or the child of God who can find rest wi Him in retreat, and the more matu and active the Christian, the more t retreat brings to him. Yet even childr can learn to walk in God's Presence retreat. In England, children's retreat have been richly rewarding. What do the American child of today need mo than to "study to be quiet"? This is work yet to be developed here.

DIVINE FELLOWSHIP

The retreat gives each soul, young mature, the beginner or the one rich the experience of God, the man or the woman, an opportunity for uninterrup ed Divine Fellowship. The retreat always suited to the retreatant, whos ever he is, for it is God who does th directing and the teaching. All thing of the world are shut out; business, pleas ures, household tasks, family problems world affairs. This is why silence is s essential to retreat - as long as peopl talk, the world intrudes. There are n radios, newspapers, secular books, letters or phone calls. The world is left outside "In returning and in rest" one come into the Presence of God. But, as Father Hale of the Church of the Advent, Bos ton, has said, "A retreat is not an ivory tower escape from reality, but into Real ity. There our disordered lives are reoriented toward their true Center, and we return to the world, cleansed and calm, with the Power of the silent Presence of God within us."

JERUSALEM CYCLE OF PRAYER

April

- Colorado, U.S.A.: Fred Ingley; Harold L. Bowen, Coadj.
- 9. Connecticut, U.S.A.: Frederick Grandy Bud-long; Walter Henry Gray, Coadj. 10. Connor, Ireland: Charles King Irwin
- 11. Korea: Alfred Cecil Cooper.
- Cork, Cloyne, & Ross, Ireland: Robert Thomas Hearn. 12.
- Coventry, England: Neville Vincent Gorton Richard Stanley Heywood, Asst.

DIOCESAN

ABANY

lns for Laymen's League

at the annual Washington's Birthday porate Communion for the men of the cese Bishop Barry, Coadjutor, asked se present to consider forming a new anization of all men in the diocese Albany, and to be prepared to organit officially at the convention in May

pecifically, the men's league would be simply a re-hash of the old Men's ab in each parish, but something enly new to further the spread of the spel in the diocese. There would a diocesan president acting with deanpresidents. The deanery presidents uld act in turn with parish officers. ed diocesan program will be formu-ed by the diocesan president and his mmittee of deanery presidents, and anneled through the deaneries to the rishes according to their individual ilities and strength.

Suggested projects for immediate accluding educational materials for dis-bution, and organized schools of re-zion. 2. Missionary program including e improvement of mission properties, praisals of unchurched communities, cruiting of candidates for Confirma-on. 3. A Cathedral project for the imrovement of the fabric of the Mother hurch of the diocese; and for a more eneral support for upkeep of the physi-

All baptized and confirmed laymen re eligible for membership.

N. M. & S. W. TEXAS

Convocation Asks Improvement n Pension Fund

The 55th annual convocation of the nissionary district of New Mexico and Southwest Texas, meeting in the Church of St. Clement, El Paso, Texas, February 8th to 10th, voted unanimously to present to the next General Convention a study of the Church Pension Fund compiled by Capt. Ian Benton of El Paso, looking toward more profitable investment of funds and a more equitable

system of pensions for clergy and widows.

The committee on the State of the Church presented a resolution calling for establishment of a basic minimum clergy stipend, and the committee on Christian Social Relations brought in a report calling on the New Mexico State Legislature to pass a three day law for marriages which would include medical examination; and a report opposing legalized gambling. The convocation

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voted to unite with the New Mexico Council of Churches subject to the privilege of withdrawal at any time if advisable.

Addressing the opening service of the convocation, the Very Rev. H. H. Kellogg, D.D., dean of Christ Church Cathedral, Houston, Texas, outlined the background of the Church as a bulwark against paganism, and warned that a return to the religion of Jesus Christ is the only hope of saving civilization today.

A joint session of convocation, the Woman's Auxiliary, and the various youth groups of the district heard reports on activities, particularly of the youth camps held during the past summer.

Bishop Stoney, in his annual address, commented on the cut in appropriations from the National Council, and urged that all aided congregations assume as much of their own support as possible.

ELECTIONS. Executive Council: Rev. C. J. Kinsolving III, Mr. Lloyd H. Chant. Deputies to General Convention: Rev. William G. Wright, Mr. W. Page Morris. Alternates: Rev. G. P. La-Barre, Mr. George S. Valliant.

WESTERN MICHIGAN

Gift to Seabury House Fund

The Episcopal Churchman's Association of the diocese of Western Michigan sent a corporate gift of \$400 to the Presiding Bishop for the Seabury House

Mr. Julian B. Hatton, president of the association, received a letter of thanks and appreciation from the Presiding

The gift is a memorial to the late Bishop John Newton McCormick, who was diocesan from 1909 to 1937, and had previously been coadjutor for three vears.

NEW YORK

Met Proceeds Aid St. Barnabas House

A recent Metropolitan Opera performance of "La Boheme" featuring tenor Richard Tucker, netted several thousand dollars which will be used to help operate St. Barnabas House. The House, sponsored by the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society, furnishes temporary shelter for distressed women and children.

"Red" Barber, chairman of the St. Barnabas House Fund Raising, said that a new building for the shelter will open in April and will give care and guidance to more than 1,000 women and children each year.

Bishop Gilbert of New York, president of the mission society; and Mrs. Frank L. Polk and Mrs. John McMaster, chairman and assistant chairman of the Benefit Committee received complete Columbia recordings of "La Boheme.

LOS ANGELES

\$117,000 Budget

The largest budget in the history c the diocese of Los Angeles was unant mously adopted by the annual diocesa: convention in January. The \$117,00 budget exceeds the 1948 amount b \$17,000.

The convention also voted to establis a department of finance. The departmen coordinates financial operations of th diocesan General Church Program, Mis sions, and Financial Division.

ELECTIONS. General Convention: Very Rev. J M. Krumm; Rev. Messrs. C. W. Barrett, D Stuart, J. F. Scott; Messrs. M. A. Albee, W. Currer, jr., E. Jacobson, L. Stuart Wing. Alter nates: Rev. Messrs. R. F. Ayres, H. T. Burk J. A. Bryant, G. A. Cross; Messrs. St. E. I. Coombs, C. M. Gair, W. M. Hammond, W. A.

New standing committee members: Rev. T. R Jones; Messrs. W. J. Currer, jr., L. S. Wing New executive council members: Rev. Messr H. V. Harris, W. Parker, R. I. S. Parker, W. Currer, jr., R. E. Gross, A. Schleicher.

VIRGINIA

Richmond Church Consecrated

The Rt. Rev. Dr. Henry St. Georg Tucker, former Presiding Bishop of th Church, who for many years was Bisho of Virginia, was chosen to open th three-day consecration celebration at th Church of the Epiphany in Richmond Va., by preaching at the 11 o'clock serv ice of January 23d.

Consecrator at the service on Januar 25th was Bishop Goodwin of Virginia Bishop Mason, Suffragan Bishop of th diocese, preached the consecration ser

A parish banquet was held on Tanuar 24th, at which time the mortgage wa burned. The Church of the Epiphan now has its property, which is valued a from \$125,000 to \$150,000, free debt. The Rev. Rufus J. Womble rector.

ARKANSAS

St. Peter's, Conway, Consecrated

A congregation which overflowed int the church yard was present on Sunda afternoon, February 20th, for the con secration of St. Peter's Church, Con

way, Ark.

Bishop Mitchell consecrated th church after the mortgage had bee burned by the warden of the mission The Rev. J. M. Allin, priest-in-charge the Very Rev. Cotesworth P. Lewi dean of Trinity Cathedral, Little Rock and the Rev. T. P. Devlin of Trinity

DIOCESAN

urch, Pine Bluff, participated in the

St. Peter's Mission was admitted into ion with the diocesan convention of 42 and the church building was dedicted in 1944. Since this time, under the dership of the Rev. M. Allin, the ortgage on the church has been retired, rectory has been purchased, and the negregation has tripled in size. The mism has representation on both the ecutive council of the diocesa dand the locesan Woman's Auxiliary Board.

ENTUCKY

edge Church Work Support

The diocese of Kentucky resolved at 121st annual convention to advance Church work "especially in the fields Christian education, world relief, and issionary demands . . ."

The convention met February 22d and d in the Church of the Advent, Louis-

dle.

General Convention deputies from lentucky received no specific instructors, but were urged to "consider seriously and prayerfully" any suitable action that will further the objectives amed by the resolution and that such bjectives would be given the whole-earted support of the Kentucky diocese.

BLECTIONS. General Convention: Very Rev. E. Vicker; Rev. Messrs. C. A. Hopper, R. C. Board, F. Anderson; Messrs. D. Petter, G. Straeffer, J. Wells, C. Williams. Alternates: Rev. Messrs. S. Musson, C. Clingman, F. Elliott-Baker, L. Langley, jr.; Messrs. F. Armstrong, J. Ayers, Lanier, H. Scheirich. Standing committee: L. E. Telle, jr. Executive council: Rev. Messrs. R. C. Oard, W. H. Langley, jr.; Messrs. K. G. Bullitt, terling S. Lanier.

MASSACHUSETTS

000 Hear Mozart Mass n Trinity Church

An audience of 2000 crowded into Prinity Church, Boston (seating capacity 1400), to hear the Polyphonic Choir f Christ Church, Cambridge, give the irst Boston performance of Mozart's Great Mass in C minor. The choir with oloists, organists, and orchestra, was under the direction of Alfred Nash Paterson.

Rudolph Elie, Boston music critic, aid he thought the audience "had a muical experience . . . of so honest and so elevated a character that few are likely to forget it in many years to come."

to forget it in many years to come."

He said further, "... this was a very superior and certainly devoted performance with some excellent solo singing by Phyllis Curtin, Eleanor Davis, and Sumner Crockett. Mr. Patterson is to be congratulated not only for giving us this truly sublime music but for doing it so well."



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sky but he wouldn't stay put



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EDUCATIONAL

COLLEGES

Fr. Simcox to Head Canterbury Religion Department

The Rev. Carroll E. Simcox will head the religion department at Canterbury College, Danville, Ind., beginning September 1st. He will also be the college's chaplain.

Fr. Simcox is at present chaplain of St. Francis House at the University of Wisconsin, Madison. He will retain the book editorship of THE LIVING CHURCH.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Fr. Diman Dies; Founded St. George's

The Rev. J. Hugh Diman, 85, a Roman Catholic priest, who was the founder of an Episcopal Church school for boys—George's School, Middletown, R. I.—died on March 17th.

With five pupils, he had started Diman's School for Small Boys in a cottage in Newport. The school was later moved to Middletown and renamed St. George's. During its first 20 years the enrolment grew to 120. Fr. Diman was headmaster at St. George's until 1917.

After leaving the Church he founded two other schools, Diman Vocational School at Fall River, and Portsmouth Priory

Faculty members from the schools he had founded honored Fr. Diman in 1938 on his 75th birthday anniversary.

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Comprehensive courses in religion that are applicable to college entrance requirements, and once-a-week courses taught by the teacher who happens to know some religion and to have some spare time are the two extremes in Church school religious curricula, according to the Rev. Canon V. O. Ward. He spoke at a meeting in Atlantic City of heads of independent Church schools for girls.

The school leaders met to discuss ways in which Church schools might implement objectives of the Department of Christian Education and so make religion a more vital force in the schools. The Rev. Dr. John Heuss, director of the department, acted as moderator for the conference and presented the following speakers: Canon Ward, Department of Christian Education, New York; the Rev. Walden Pell, II, St. Andrew's School, Middletown, Del.; the Rev. E. A. de Bordenave, dean of Church schools, Richmond, Va.; and Sr. Rachel,

O.S.H., Margaret Hall School, Ve sailles, Ky.

Delegates generally agreed that the spiritual climate of a school is of primery importance; and that Church school have no right to exist unless they provide "plus" which secular education do not always give.

Dean de Bordenave insisted th Church schools must go beyond the ma knowledge-time philosophy taught secular schools and introduce ideas of freedom and order.

Teaching of a rule of life for your girls was suggested by Sr. Rachel. "Si of the flesh," she said, "are less importathan sins of the heart and of the emtions."

The meeting, the first of its kind, wi be duplicated next February according plans made by the delegates.

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DEATHS

ist eternal grant unto them, O Lord, e let light perpetual shine upon them"



Leicester Crosby Lewis, Priest

The Rev. Dr. Leicester Crosby Lewis, car of St. Luke's Chapel, Trinity Parin, New York City, died suddenly of a lart attack on March 18th in his vicarte on Hudson Street. He had just com-

eted his evening prayers.

Fr. Lewis suffered a similar attack two onths ago, but had been able to resume rection of his parish from the vicarage. He was born in Trinity Parish in 887. His parents were George Washgton Lewis and Maria Elizabeth narkey Lewis. He was graduated from rinity School, and received degrees om Columbia University, General heological Seminary, and the Univerty of Philadelphia. He held the Mayo ellowship at the Seminary until 1913, nd studied in Germany during one year f his tenure. At the Philadelphia Diinity School he held the chair of theolgy for 13 years. He received an honor-ry S.T.D. from the Theological Semiary in 1936 and an honorary D.C.L. rom the Divinity School in 1937.

Fr. Lewis had been ordained deacon in 1911 by Bishop Greer of New York, and priest in 1912 by Bishop Francis of adianapolis. He was professor of ecclesistical history at Western Theological ieminary for seven years, after which the again went to Europe for advanced esearch work. He was also master and haplain of the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia; assistant at Holy Trinity Church, Lansdale, Pa.; director of the School of Religion at St. James' Church,

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What are we driving at? Simply this, that we fear we have too many "book" or "Precept" Episcopalians—those who know all the book answers, know all those tricky, seldom used Rubrics, and show no further evidences of spiritual earnestness—and not enough Episcopalians who live out their Christianity and Precepts in such maner that their very EXAMPLE draws men, women and children to Jesus.

In the past, Episcopalians have been accused of being too formal in their worship. Everything many of us did

in religion seemed to stop at the church door. The world is not interested in that. Christ never taught religion to His followers by any such method. In fact, He expressed Himself rather vigorously regarding similar attitudes. Instead He taught His followers all about His Father, and The Church they were to found and foster, but the thrill, the life and the joy of carrying on that holy work came from the blessed example He gave them by His truly exquisite life amongst them. We plead, therefore, with all our fellow Episcopalians, that we follow His holy example. First, know our Faith, then, by the grace of God. start LIVING it, and when that begins, our churches will begin to fill, and so, too, will our seminaries. We'll meet our quotas, and seek greater ones. Our religion will become so real that even our country and her politicians will feel its impact, and THAT, brethren, in America will constitute Utopia!

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Philadelphia; instructor at the College of Preachers, Washington, D. C.: chaplain of the Society of the Companions of the Holy Cross and of St. Ursula's Guild for Teachers; and rector of St. Martinin-the-Fields, Philadelphia. In the latter parish he established a parochial school.

At the time of his death he was president-general of the Clerical Union for the Maintenance and Defense of Catholic Principles. He was also co-editor of the Anglican Theological Review, which he and the Rev. Dr. S. A. B. Mercer had founded in 1918. Besides being a member of several American scientific societies, Dr. Lewis was a member of La Société d'Histoire Ecclésiastique de la France of Paris and of Die Gesselschaft fuer Kirchengeschichte of Berlin. Among his published works are The Philosophical Principles of French Modernism, and A Soldier Boy of '61.

Mourners completely filled St. Luke's during the funeral requiem on March 21st. There were scores of priests and a number of bishops in the congregation. Many people were not able to get into the crowded church. The burial office was read by Bishop Gilbert of New York assisted by the Rev. Canon Bernard C. Newman, vicar of Trinity Church. Bishop Donegan, Suffragan of New York, was also in the chancel. Bishop Gardner of New Jersey was seated in the sanctuary and officiated at the absolution for the dead after the Mass. The Rev. H. Floyd Freeston was celebrant of the Solemn Requiem Mass, and the Rev. William J. Good was deacon. Both are assistant priests at St. Luke's. Subdeacon was Robert Walters, a seminarian, working at St. Luke's.

Seated in the choir were the Rev. Edward H. Schleuter, vicar-emeritus of St. Luke's; the vicars and curates of Trinity Parish; the Very Rev. Laurence Rose and the faculty of General Theological Seminary; Dr. E. J. M. Nutter, deanemeritus and representative of Nashotah House; and representatives of Seabury-Western Seminary and Philadelphia Divinity School.

The parish choir was augmented by a choir of seminarians. Burial was in Woodlawn Cemetery; Bishop Gardner took the committal office.

Fr. Lewis is survived by his wife, Beatrix Elizabeth Baldwin Lewis, whom he married in 1915, and their three children, Leicester Crosby, Jr., Richard Warrington, and Virginia Adelaide.

Francis L. Palmer, Priest

The Rev. Francis L. Palmer, historiographer for the diocese of Minnesota, died March 18th, in St. Luke's Hospital, St. Paul, after a short illness.

Dr. Palmer was twice rector of the Church of the Ascension, Stillwater, and at the time of his death was rector emeri-

tus of that parish. Earlier in life, served twice as assistant editor of We ster's Dictionary.

Born in Fort Wayne, Ind., in 186 Dr. Palmer received his theological tran ing at Cambridge Divinity School, Ca bridge, Mass. He was ordained to t priesthood in 1892 and was given a de tor of divinity degree at Seabury The logical School, Faribault, Minn., t following year.

After serving as rector of St. Paul Church, Gardner, Mass., and St. Pau Church, Walla Walla, Wash., he car to Minnesota nearly 50 years ago become rector of the Stillwater paris

In 1913, he accepted appointment the chair of theology at Seabury and mained in that position for 20 years wh he retired to make his home in St. Par

Dr. Palmer is the author of The Li of Bishop Gilbert, published in 192 was the editor of The Salt of the Eart a book of sermons by Amos Sheele; as has been a frequent contributor Church publications.

He is survived by his wife, the form-Elizabeth Paine; a daughter Georgian professor at Macalester College, Paul; and a son, Theodore, professor

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THE LIVING CHURCH THE LIVING CHURCH

DEATHS =

Rose Polytechnic College, Terre Haute,

Funeral services were held in St. St. Paul's Church of St. John the Evangelist on March 21st, with Bishop Keeler of Minnesota, officiating.

Mrs. Benjamin Ivins

Sarah Seeber Ivins, 69, wife of the Rt. Rev. Benjamin F. P. Ivins, Bishop of Milwaukee, died March 22d, at her home, after an illness of about four years. Mrs. Ivins was born at Waterloo, Wis. She was a graduate of Grafton Hall, Fond du Lac, Wis., and the University of Wisconsin. She was a member of Phi Beta Kappa and Gamma Phi. Her marriage took place in 1908.

Mrs. Ivins was active in diocesan life, especially as an honorary member of the Woman's Auxiliary of the diocese and correspondent for St. John's Home for the Aged in Milwaukee. Her monthly column about the home in the Church Times, the diocesan monthly, was widely read. In spite of her long illness she maintained an untiring interest in all that went on in the diocese. Mrs. Ivins was a member of the Woman's Club of Wisconsin and the College Women's

The funeral took place at All Saints Cathedral, Milwaukee, at 9:30 in the morning on Thursday, March 24th. The burial office was read by the Very Rev. M. P. Maynard; the lesson by the Rev. E. S. White, professor of pastoral theology at Nashotah House. The Rev. Canon E. H. Creviston celebrated the low Mass of Requiem and the Rev. Canon M. M. Day officiated at the absolutions of the body. Cremation took place at Forest Home Cemetery; and interment on March 25th at Nashotah House Cemetery, Nashotah, Wis.

Mrs. Joseph W. Minnis

Sarah Summerville Minnis, 77, mother of the Rev. Dr. Joseph S. Minnis, vicar of the Chapel of the Intercession, New York, died March 17th at her home in New York City. Surviving, besides Dr. Minnis, is a daughter, Miss Blanche Minnis, of Chicago.

Mrs. John L. Tilton

Emily Larrabee Tilton, widow of John L. Tilton, and for many years a member of Emmanuel Church, LaGrange, Ill., died on February 23d at the age of 89. She was a sister of the late Rev. Edward A. Larrabee, one time rector of the Church of the Ascension, Chicago, and former Dean of Nashotah, and of Mrs. Annie L. DeKoven, who died last May.

Mrs. Tilton is survived by three sisters, Miss Eleanor Larrabee, Mrs. Charles A. Street, and Miss Caroline Larrabee, all of Chicago.

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POSITIONS OFFERED

PARISH in South Florida needs temporary assistant for six months, May through October, Apt. furnished, reasonable stipend. Could use active retired man, Calling and services. Reply Box S-233, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

RESIDENT NURSE, registered, for Episcopal college preparatory school for girls. Well equipped infirmary, reasonable hours and duties, good salary. September, 1949. Apply to Principal of Stuart Hall, Staunton, Virginia.

POSITIONS WANTED

RECTOR wishes to supply near Boston during August for use of Rectory and small honorarium. Reply Box B-241, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

CLERGYMAN, highest references, Prayer Book Churchman, desires change from country to city parish, East preferred. Reply Box B-239, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER, Churchman, English training and diplomas, 25 years experience, desires change. Boy Choir preferred, good organ and adequate salary essential. Reply Box A-235, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

GENTLEMAN, wide experience, wishes employment institutional or semi-religious welfare work. English-American. Reply Box F-238, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

PRIEST, 32, Married, Preacher, Organizer, Pastor, Experienced with Young People, desires suburban parish, invites correspondence. Freent salary \$3,000.00, travel, Rectory. Reply Box M-240, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

CATHEDRAL Assistant in large city desires rectorship. Moderate churchman. Reply Box P-234, The Living Church, Milwaukee 3, Wis.

ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER, adult and youth choir experience, University trained, available latter June 12th. Thomas J. Tonneberger, 212 E. Logan, Tectumsch, Michigan.

SUMMER CAMPS

CAMP CHICKADEE, Groton, N. H. Girls 5-15;
Boys 5-12. Safe private beach. Excellent food.
Land and Water sports. Riding. Trained staff.
Nurse. Individual attention. Limited to 50 campers.
References. Rate \$225, season. Register month
or season, Rev. & Mrs. R. L. Weis, St. Thomas
Rectory, 721 Douglas Ave., Providence 8, R. I.

RATES (A) Minimum price for first insertion, \$1.50; each succeeding insertion, \$1.00. (B) All solid copy classifications; 10 cts. a word of to 1 insertion; 9 cts. a word an insertion for 3 to 12 consecutive insertions; 8 cts. a word an insertion for 13 to 25 consecutive insertions; and 7 cts. a word an insertion for 26 or more consecutive insertions, (C) Keyed advertisements same rates as unkeyed advertisements, plus 25 cts. service charge for the first insertion and 10 cts. service charge for the first insertion and 10 cts. service charge for each succeeding insertion. (D) Church Services, 65 cts, a count line (approximately 12 lines to the inch); special contract rates available on application to advertising manager. (E) Copy for advertisements must be received by The Living Church at 744 North Fourth St., Milwaukee 3, Wis., 12 days before publication date.

Appointments Accepted

The Rev. Ernest C. Biller, formerly rector of St. Luke's Church, Willmar, Minn., will become rector of Christ Church, Lead, S. Dak., on May lst. Address: 625 W. Main St., Lead, S. Dak.

The Rev. Warren L. Botkin, formerly vicar of All Saints' Church, West Plains, Mo., and the Church of the Transfiguration, Mountain Grove, is now rector of Calvary Church, Sedalia, Mo. Address: 111 E. Broadway, Sedalia, Mo.

The Rev. Joseph McClung Brownlee, formerly rector of Christ Church, Emporia, Va., is now rector of St. Andrew's Church, Darien, Ga.

The Rev. Dr. Albert Edward Campion, formerly rector of St. George's Church, Brooklyn, has joined the staff of the New York City Mission So-ciety and will serve as chaplain at Fordham Hospital and at the House of the Holy Comforter, both in the Bronx. His address remains 52 Thirteenth Rd., Broad Channel, Long Island.

The Rev. Archie H. Crowley, formerly rector of Grace Church, Lawrence, Mass., will become rector James' Church, Grosse Ile, Mich., on April 24th.

The Rev. Keith R. Dean, formerly assistant minister of Grace Church, Port Huron, Mich., is now rector of Trinity Church, Detroit, and chaplain of recorders' court. Address: 1519 Myrtle, Detroit 2.

The Rev. Robert E. Davis, formerly vicar of Christ Church, South Barre, and Christ Church, North Brookfield, Mass., will become rector of the Church of the Reconciliation, Webster, and priest in charge of Grace Church, Oxford. Address: The Rectory, Webster, Mass.

The Rev. Warner L. Forsyth, formerly rector of St. James' Church, Grosse Ile, Mich., is now canon missioner of the East Tawas field in the diocese of Michigan. In addition to Christ Church, East Tawas, where he will reside, he is in charge of St. John's Church, Au Sable, and work in Oscoda, Iosco, Alcona, and Crawford counties.

The Rev. Franklin R. Funk, formerly a non-parochial priest of the diocese of Milwaukee, is now vicar of the Chapel of the Nativity, of St. Luke's Parish, Philadelphia. Address: 2101 Sixty-Fifth Ave., East Germantown, Philadelphia 38, Pa.

The Rev. H. Newton Griffith, formerly curate of Grace Church, Monroe, La., is now vicar of St. David's Church, Rayville, La., and the Church of the Redeemer, Oak Ridge, with residence in Ray-

The Rev. Leon Harris, formerly rector of St. James' Church, Paso Robles, Calif., is now serving All Saints' Church, San Francisco. Address: 1354 Waller St., San Francisco 17.

The Rev. Arthur E. Hartwell, formerly vicar of St. Mary's Church, Hillsboro, and St. Alban's Hubbard, Tex., is now curate of St. Matthew's Cathedral, Dallas. Address: 6719 Sondra Dr., Dallas,

The Rev. Joseph S. Huske, Jr., formerly assistant to the dean of Christ Church Cathedral, New Orleans, is now chaplain of the Cathedral School for Boys, 5100 Ross Ave., Dallas 6, Tex.

The Rev. Enoch Jones, formerly vicar of St. John's Church, Needles, Calif., is now rector of St. Paul's Church, El Centro, Calif.

The Rev. Frederick W. Kates, rector of Christ Church, Oswego, N. Y., and author of the Presid-ing Bishop's Book for Lent, Things That Matter, will on May 1st become rector of St. Stephen's Church, Pittsfield, Mass. Address: 11 Brunswick St., Pittsfield, Mass.

The Rev. Smythe H. Lindsay, formerly rector of St. Luke's Church, San Antonio, Tex., is now archdeacon of the diocese of Dallas. Address: 5100 Ross Ave., Dallas 6, Tex.

The Rev. Edgar A. Lucas, formerly assistant minister in St. John's Church, Royal Oak, Mich., is now missionary in charge of St. Philip's Church, Rochester, Mich. Address: 110 Romeo St., Roches-

The Rev. Frederick A. McDonald, formerly associate director of the Presiding Bishop's Committee for Laymen's Work is now rector of St. Clement's Church, Honolulu 54, Hawaii. Address: 1515 Wilder Ave., Honolulu 54, Hawaii.

The Rev. Robert G. Purrington, formerly archdeacon of northwestern Iowa and rector of Grace Church, Estherville, is now rector of St. Andrew's Church, Baltimore. Office address: Preston and Chester, Baltimore 6. Rectory: 1627 N. Broadway, Baltimore 13.

The Rev. Henry H. Rightor, assistant rector of All Saints' Church, Atlanta, will become rector of Christ Church, Charlotte, N. C., in September.

The Rev. Edgar L. Sanford, formerly rector of Trinity Church, Moorestown, N. J., will become vicar of St. Stephen's Church, Westboro, Mass., and vicar of St. Paul's Church, Hopkinton. Ad-dress: St. Stephen's Rectory, Westboro, Mass.

The Rev. Charles E. Taylor, formerly priest in charge of St. Philip's Church, Dallas, Tex., is now priest in charge of St. Augustine's, Galveston. Address: 1410 Forty-First St.

The Rev. Paul D. Urbano, formerly curate of St. James' Church, South Pasadena, Calif., is now associate rector of the Church of Our Saviour, San Gabriel, Calif. Address: 551 W. Roses Rd.

The Rev. Chad Walsh, author and educator, who as ordained to the diaconate by Bishop Ivins of Milwaukee in October of last year, is now assisting the Rev. William O. Johnson at Communion services at St. Paul's Church, Beloit. The Rev. Mr. Walsh is continuing to teach at Beloit College.

Ordinations

Lexington: Newton Clarence Wilbur was ordained to the diaconate on February 24th by Bishop Moody of Lexington in the chapel of the Virginia Theological Seminary in Alexandria, candidate's brother, the Very Rev. Paul D. Will dean of the diocese of Lexington and rector Trinity Church, Covington, Ky, presented Rev. Mr. Wilbur and preached the sermon.

Mexico: Jose Guadalupe Saucedo y Mendoza ordained to the diaconate on February 24th by Rt. Rev. Henry St. George Tucker, former F. siding Bishop of the Church, acting for Bis Salinas of Mexico, in the chapel of the Virgi Theological Seminary in Alexandria. The V. Rev. Paul Wilbur, dean of the diocese of Lexiton and rector of Trinity Church, Covington, E preached the sermon. The Rev. Kenneth He assistant professor of Church history at the senary, presented the candidate. Mexico: Jose Guadalupe Saucedo y Mendoza

Missouri: Marc Anton Nocerino was ordain to the diaconate on February 24th in the cha of the Virginia Theological Seminary by the of the Virginia Theological Seminary by the .

Rev. Henry St. George Tucker, former Presidl Bishop of the Church, who acted in behalf Bishop Scarlett of Missouri. The Rev. Mr. 1 cerino was presented by the Very Rev. A. Zabriskie, dean of the seminary. Dean Wilbur the diocese of Lexington preached the sermon

Pittsburgh: Charles Philip Price was ordain deacon on February 24th in the chapel of the V ginia Theological Seminary by the Rt. Rev. Hen St. George Tucker, former Presiding Bishop, a ing for the Bishop of Pittsburgh. The candida was presented by the Rev. Hugh S. Clark, Da Wilbur of the diocese of Lexington preached the seminary of the diocese.

Western New York: Jesus John Alvarez sordained deacon on January 15th by Bishop Ses of Western New York at St. Stephen's Chur Niagara Falls, N. Y. The candidate was present by the Rev. J. J. Post. The Rev. Cecil Ecclest preached the sermon. The new deacon will be charge of the Church of the Sacred Heart of Man North Collins, N. Y. Western New York: Jesus John Alvarez w

Lay Workers

Mr. Robert C. Rusack, formerly lay vicar of Souls' Mission, Garfield, Utah, is now lay vis of All Saints' Mission, Salt Lake City, Utah. A dress: 55 B St., Salt Lake City 3, Utah.

Resignations

The Rev. Newell A. Lasher resigned as rest of St. Peter's Church, Clifton, N. J., as of Mar 1st, because of ill health. Address: 35 Woodlar Ave., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Changes of Address

The Rev. Dr. R. Everett Carr, who has be serving Calvary Church, Memphis, Tenn., has re turned to his parish, Emmanuel Church, L Grange, Ill. Address: 203 S. Kensington Ave La Grange, Ill.

The Rev. Bayard S. Clark, rector of Chris Church, Cape Girardeau, Mo., should be addresse at 401 Washington Ave., instead of 1452 Themis St



GO TO CHURCH DURING LENT

A cordial welcome is awaiting you at the churches whose hours of service are listed below alphabetically by cities. The clergy and parishioners are particularly anxious for strangers and visitors to make these churches their own when visting in the city.



ALEXANDRIA, VA.-

GRACE Rev. Edward L. Merrow, B.D., r 3601 Russell Rd. Near Presidential Gardens Sun 8 & 11 H Eu, 9:30 Ch S, 7 EP & Instr

ATLANTA, GA.

OUR SAVIOUR 1068 N. Highland Ave., N.E. Rev. Roy Pettway, r; Rev. T. B. Epting Sun Masses: 7:30, 9:30, 11; C Sat 4-5

-BALTIMORE, MD.-

ST. MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS 20th & St. Paul Rev. D. F. Fenn, D.D., r Sun 7:30, 9:30, 11; H Eu daily

-BROOKLYN, N. Y .-

ST. ANN'S Rev. Melville Brooklyn Heights Rev. Melville Sun 8 HC, 11 MP. (1st Sun HC), HC 7:30 (ex Sat), Wed HC 10:30, 8 EP Rev. Melville Harcourt Key—Light face type denotes AM, black face, PM; addr, address; anno, announced; appt, appointment; B, Benediction; C, Confessions; Cho, Choral; Ch S, Church School; c, curate; EP, Evening Prayer; Eu, Eucharist; Ev, Evensong; ex, except; HC Holy Communion; HD, Holy Days; HH, Holy Hour; Instr, Instructions; Inf, Intercessions; Lif, Litany; Mat, Matins; MP, Marning Prayer; r, rector; Ser, Sermon; Sol, Solemn; Sta, Stations; V, Vespers; v, vicar; YPF, Young Peoples' Fellowship.

-BROOKLYN, N. Y. (Cont.)-

ST. BARNABAS' Rev. Fergus M. Fulford, v 727 Belmont Ave., at Elton Street Sun Masses 8 & 11; Daily: Mon-Thurs 8; Fri 7; Sat 9; Ev. Lit, & Ser Wed 8; Sta, Instr. & B Fri 8; C Sat 8-9 & by appt;

-BUFFALO, N. Y .-

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL
Very Rev. Edward R. Welles, A.M., dean;
Rev. R. R. Spears, Jr., canon
Sun 8, 9:30, 11; HC Daily 12, Tues 7:30, Wed 1

ST. ANDREW'S Main at Highgat Rev. John W. Talbott Sun Masses: 8, 9:30, 11, MP 10:45; Daily: 7 e Thurs 9:30; C Sat 7:30

ST. JOHN'S
Rev. Walter P. Plumley, Rev. Harry W. Vere
Visit one of America's beautiful churches.
Sun 8 HC, 11 CH S, MP; Tues 10:30 HC

CHARLESTON, S. C .-

ST. MICHAEL'S Rev. DeWolf Perry, Meeting and Broad Sun 8 HC, MP 11:15 (1st Sun HC), Family H 3rd Sun 9; HC daily: 7:30 Tues, Fri, Sat, 10 Mor Wed, Thurs; Visiting Lenten Preachers 1: Tue Wed, Thurs, Fri; Spiritual Coursel by appt



GO TO CHURCH DURING LENT

(Continued from preceding page)



-CHICAGO, ILL.

IEMENT 5749 Kenmore Avenue James Murchison Duncan, r; Robert Leonard Miller , 9:15, 11 HC; Daily 7 HC

ARTHOLOMEW'S Rev. John M. Young, Jr., r Stewart Avenue 1:30, 9, 11 HC. Others posted

The Cowley Fathers RANCIS'
W. Thorndale Avenue
Masses: 8 Low, 9:30 Sung with instr, 11 Low
hymns; Daily: 7; C Sat 7:30-8:30 & by appt

SAVIOUR
W. Fullerton Pkwy, (Convenient to loop)
Masses: 9:30 & 11; Daily Mass; 1st Fri
chiction 8; Confessions Sat 4-5, 8-9.

EMER 56th & Blackstone Ave. F. W. Lickfield, r; Rev. W. N. Hawley 3, 9, & 11; Daily: 7, 7:15 & 5:30

-CINCINNATI, OHIO-

AICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS 3626 Reading Rd. Francis Campbell Gray, r Masses: 8 & 10:45, MP 10:30; Daily Mass; t 7-8.

-DECATUR, ILL.-

JOHN'S Church & Eldorado Sts. E. M. Ringland, Rev. W. L. Johnson 7. HC, 9 & 10:30 Cho Eu & Ser, 5 EP; Daily MP, 7:30 HC, 5 EP

-DENVER, COLO.-ANDREW'S Rev. Gordon L. Graser 5 Glenarm Place Masses: 8 & 11, Ev & B 8; Daily: 7:30 ex Mon C Sat 5. Close to Downtown Hotels Rev. Gordon L. Graser

MARK'S Rev. Walter Williams E. 12th Ave. & Lincoln St. 8, 9:80, 11, 3 Sun 7:15; Ch S 10:10; HC Thurs, G HD 7, Wed 10; C by appt. Near State Capitol

DETROIT, MICH.

ARNATION Rev. Clark L. Attridge, D.D.
31 Dexter Blyd.
sses: Sun 7, 9 6 11 (High); Wed 10:30, Fri 7

-EVANSTON, ILL.-

LUKE'S

Eu 7:30, 9, 11; Weekdays Eu 7, 10; Fri (Repm) 7:30; MP 9:45; Mon Aduit Sch of Religion
5; Wed Ch Sch instr thru Grade 6, 3:45; Fri HH
B 8:15, Confirmation Instr young people 11,
lts 2:30; C 4:30-5:30, 7:30-8:30 & by appt

FORT WAYNE, IND .-

NITY Rev. George B. Wood, r st Berry St. at Fulton 18, 9:30, 11; Eu Mon & Fri 9:30, Tues, Thurs, 5at 8, Wed 7; EP 8

-GLEN COVE, L. I., N. Y.-PAUL'S Lauriston Castleman, r n: 8, 9:30, 11; HD 10; Wed 7:30, 10, 8 (spec. acchers)

HOLLYWOOD-BY-THE-SEA, FLA.-JOHN'S Rev. Harold C. Williamson Ave. at Buchanan 7:30, 11, Ch S 9:30, YPF 6:30, HC Wed & 5:00 PF 6:30 PF 6:30

___KANSAS CITY, MO.-Rev. Edwin W. Merrill, r n 7:30, 11; Mon, Thurs & Sat 9:45; Tues, Wed Fri 7: C Sat **3-5**

KEOKUK, IOWA-

. JOHN'S Rev. G. E. Graham, r with at Concert in 8, 11; Wed 7 (Special Preachers); Fri HC 7 Rev. G. E. Graham, r

LINCOLN, NEBR.

, MATTHEW'S

24th & Sewell Sts.

ev. William Paul Barnds, D.D., r

nn 8, 11; 7 Y.P.; Wed 11:30 HC; 7 Service -LINCOLN, NEBR.-

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL Very Rev. J. M. Krumm, Ph.D., r; Rev. P. T. Soderstrom, Canon Assistant Sun 8, 9 HC, 11 MP & Ser, 7:15 EP; Tues & Thurs 10 HC; Dolly (ex Sat) 12:05 Visiting Preachers.

-MADISON, WIS .-

ST. ANDREW'S 1833 Regent St. Rev. Edward Potter Sabin, r; Rev. Gilbert Doone, c Sun 8, 10:45 HC; Weekdays, 7:15 HC (Wed 9:30) Confessions Sat 5-6, 7:30-8

-MIAMI. (COCONUT GROVE), FLA .-ST. STEPHEN'S
Sun 8 HC, 9:15 & 11 Cho Service & Ser; Week
Days: Daily 7:30 ex Mon at 10 & Fri at 9

-NEW YORK CITY-CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE Sun 8, 9, 11 HC; 10 MP; 4 EP; 11 G 4 Ser; Week-days; 7:30, 8 (also 9 HD G 10 Wed), HC; 8:30 MP; 5 EP. Open daily 7-6

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S Pork Ave. & 51st St. Rev. Geo. Poull T. Sargent, D.D., r Sun 8 HC; 11 Morning Service & Sermon; Weekdays; HC Wed 8; Thursday & HD 10:30 The Church is open doily for prayer

GENERAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY CHAPEL Chelsea Square, 9th Ave. & 20th St. Daily MP & HC 7; Cho Evensong Mon to Sat 6

HEAVENLY REST 5th Ave. at 90th St. Rev. Henry Darington, D.D., r; Rev. Gilbert Darington, D.D., Rev. Richard Coombs, Rev. Robert E. Terwilliger, Ph.D. Son HC 8, 10, MP 6 Ser 11, 4; Thurs & HD 11 HC

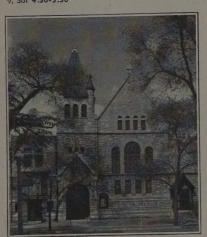
HOLY ROOD Rev. Nelson L. Chowenhill, r Port Washington Ave. at 179th St. HC 8, Ch S 9:30, Cho Eu & Ser 11; 4th Sun Ev & B 8; Wed HC 7; HD 10; C Sat 7-9

INTERCESSION CHAPEL Rev. Joseph S. Minnis, D.D. Broadway, and 155th Street Sun HC 8, 9:30, 11: MP 10:30; Cho V 4; EP 8; Daily HC 7 & 10, MP 9, EP 5:30, Sat 5, Int 12, Wed Vicar's Evening 8; C Sat 4-5 by appt

ST. JOHN'S IN THE VILLAGE Rev. C. H. Graf, r; Rev. E. J. Nutter Sun 8 HC, 11 Cho Eu & Ser 218 W. 11

ST. MARY THE VIRGIN Rev. Grieg Taber, D.D. 46th St. between 6th and 7th Aves. Sun Masses 7, 8, 9, 10, T1 (High); Daily: 7, 8, 9:30, 12:10 (Fri); C: Thurs 4:30-5:30, Fri 12-1, 4:30-5:30, 7-8; Sat 2-5, 7-9

ST. PETER'S Westchester (Westchester Sq.)
Rev. Leslie Lang, Rev. Thomas Brown
Sun 8 9:30, 11; Daily 7, also Mon, Thurs, Sat,
9:30, Wed 6:30 & 8, Father Joseph, O.S.F.; C Sun



CHURCH OF OUR SAVIOUR CHICAGO, ILL.

-NEW YORK CITY (Cont.)-

ST. THOMAS Rev. Roelif H. Brooks, S.T.D., r 5th Ave. & 53rd St. Sun 8 HC, 11 MP, 11 1st Sun HC, Ev 4; Daily: 8:30 HC; Thurs & HD 11 HC

TRANSFIGURATION Rev. Randolph Ray, D.D. Little Church Around the Corner One East 29th St. Sun HC 8 & 9 (Daily 8); Cho Eu & Ser 11; V 4

TRINITY Rev. Frederic S. Fleming, D.D. Broadway & Wall St. Sun 8, 11 & 3:30; Daily: 8, 12 ex Sat 3

-PHILADELPHIA, PA.-

ST. MARK'S Locust between 16th and 17th Sts. Rev. William H. Dunphy, Ph.D., r; Rev. Philip T. Fifer, Th.B. Sun HC 8, 9, Lift (in Procession), Sol High Eu & Ser 11, Mart 10:30 Cho Ev 4; Weekdays: HC 7 (ex Sat) 7:45, H Eu 12:10; HD & Thurs 9:30; Mar 7:30, Ev 5:30; Address Wed & Fri 12:30; Tues Sch of Religion 5:15 (The Rector) "The Forgotten Book of Common Prayer: 1549-1949"; Fri Lit 12, C 12 to 1, Sta 8; Sat C 12 to 1 & 4 to 5

-PITTSBURGH, PA.-

CALVARY CHURCH Shady & Walnut Aves. Rev. William W. Lumpkin, Rev. A. Dixon Rollit, Rev. Nicholas Petkovich, Mr. Richard J. Hardman, Lay Ass't Small St. 11 & 8; HC: Mon, Thurs, 7:30; Fri 7, 7:30, 10:30; Sat & HD 10:30

-QUINCY, ILL .-

CATHEDRAL OF SAINT JOHN Very Rev. Edward J. Bubb, dean Sun 8, 9:30 & 11, daily 11:45; Thurs 8:30

-RIDGEWOOD, (NEWARK) N. J .---CHRIST CHURCH Rev. Alfred J. Miller Sun 8, 11; Fri & HD 9:30

____ST. LOUIS, MO.-HOLY COMMUNION 7401 Delmar Blvd.
Rev. W. W. S. Hohenschild, r
Sun 8, 9:30, 11; Tues HC 7; Wed HC 10:30;
Thurs V 7:30

___SALISBURY, MD.___

ST. PETER'S
Sun 8, 9:30, 11 Cho Eu & Ser;
HD Low Mass 11

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.-ST. FRANCIS'

Rev. Edword M. Pennell, Jr., Rev. Frank W. Robert
Sun 8, 9:30 & 11; HC Wed 7:30, HD & Thurs 9:15

-SCHENECTADY, N. Y.-ST. GEORGE'S 30 N. Ferry Street Rev. Darwin Kirby, Jr.; Rev. Dovid E. Richards Sun 8, 9, 11, HH 7; Daily HC 7 & 12; Wed Lit & Ser (Guest Preachers) 8; C Sat 8

-UTICA, N. Y.-

GRACE
Rev. Stanley P. Gasek, r; Rev. Edwin K. Packard, c
Sun 8, 9:30, 11, 4:30; Tues & Thurs HC 10; Wed
& Fri HC 7:30; Thurs noons, Lenten Preaching
Service

-WASHINGTON, D. C .-ASCENSION AND ST. AGNES Rev. A. J. duBois, r; Rev. F. V. Wood, c 1215 Massachusetts Ave., N.W. Sun Masses 7:30 Low, 9:30 Sung with Instr., 11 Sung with Ser, 8 EP 6 B; Daily 7; Fri 8 Stations 6 Instr; C Fri 8:30, Sat 4 & 7:30

ST. JOHN'S

Rev. C. Leslie Glenn, Rev. Gerald F. Gilmore
Sun 8, 9:30, 11 & 7:30; Daily 12, Wed, Fri 7:30;
HD 7:30 & 12

ST. PAUL'S

K St. near 24th N.W.
Sun Masses: 7:30, 9:30, 11:15 Sol, Sol Ev & B 8;
Daily: Low Mass 7, ex Sat, Thurs & Sat 12; C Sat
5 & 7 and by appt

-WATERFORD, PA.-

ST. PETER'S Sun 8, 9:45 & 11; HD 10:30; Others as announced

CANTERBURY COLLEGE

Co-educational



Liberal Arts

¶CANTERBURY COLLEGE, Danville, Indiana, has adhered consistently to high scholarship standards—from enrollment of the first student in 1876 to enrollment of the 75,000th not long ago.

¶TUITION is low—only \$175 a semester. Living costs also are relatively low. Board costs from \$5 to \$10 a week. Room rent is \$2.50 to \$6 a week. Books and classroom supplies, purchased by the student, cost from \$15 to \$30 a semester.

¶Because Canterbury is a small college, students receive unusually attentive guidance by their professors—amounting virtually to private instruction (at a time when state-controlled institutions are crowded to overflowing). The daily chapel services of the college are Morning Prayer, Holy Communion, and Evensong.

¶CHORUS, clubs, dramatics, orchestra, fraternities, sororities. The Canterbury Crier (weekly college newspaper), mixers and other well-rounded extra-curricular life.

¶INTRAMURAL as well as intercollegiate competition (Canterbury is a member of the Hoosier College Conference), gives the student every opportunity to participate in sports—football, basketball, track, tennis, golf, etc.

¶Complete information about Canterbury College is contained in the college bulletin. Write the Registrar, Administration Building, Canterbury College, Danville, Indiana.

It's Not Too Late!

Theological Education Sunday 1949 has come and gone—three months ago, but Theological Education goes on.

Our Seminaries are dependent upon this support.

One rector writes: "The people are genuinely interested and concerned and wait only to be asked."

So we ask you: remember our Seminaries with your prayers—and by your gifts.

BERKELEY DIVINITY SCHOOL, NEW HAVEN, CONN.; BEXLEY HALL, GAMBIER, OHIO; BISHOP PAYNE DIVINITY SCHOOL, PETERSBURG, I CHURCH DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE PACIFIC, BERKELEY, CALIF.; DIVINITY SCHOOL OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN PHILADELPHIA; EPISCOPAL THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL, CAMBRIDGE, MASS.; THE GENERAL THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, NEW YORK CITY, NASHOTAH HOUSE, NASHOTAH, WIS.; SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH, SEWANEE, TENN.; SEABURY-WESTERN THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, EVANSTON, ILL.; VIRGINIA THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, ALEXANDRIA, VA.